

#### EASTERN GAS TRANS & STORAGE INC/SOUTH OAKFORD STA



# COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AIR QUALITY PROGRAM

#### TITLE V/STATE OPERATING PERMIT

Issue Date:February 21, 2024Effective Date:September 10, 2025Revision Date:September 10, 2025Expiration Date:February 21, 2029

Revision Type: Amendment

In accordance with the provisions of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Act of January 8, 1960, P.L. 2119, as amended, and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, the Owner, [and Operator if noted] (hereinafter referred to as permittee) identified below is authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) to operate the air emission source(s) more fully described in this permit. This Facility is subject to all terms and conditions specified in this permit. Nothing in this permit relieves the permittee from its obligations to comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

The regulatory or statutory authority for each permit condition is set forth in brackets. All terms and conditions in this permit are federally enforceable applicable requirements unless otherwise designated as "State-Only" or "non-applicable" requirements.

#### **TITLE V Permit No: 65-00840**

Federal Tax Id - Plant Code: 55-0629203-18

Owner Information

Name: EASTERN GAS TRANS & STORAGE INC

Mailing Address: 10700 ENERGY WAY

GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060-9243

Plant Information

Plant: EASTERN GAS TRANS & STORAGE INC/SOUTH OAKFORD STA

Location: 65 Westmoreland County 65001 Hempfield Township

SIC Code: 4922 Trans. & Utilities - Natural Gas Transmission

Responsible Official

Name: JOHN M LAMB

Title: VP EASTERN PIPELINE OPR

Phone: (681) 842 - 3550 Email: matt.lamb@bhegts.com

Permit Contact Person

Name: SARAH CRANE Title: ENV SPECIALIST 2

Phone: (804) 965 - 3660 Email: sarah.crane@bhegts.com

[Signature]

MARK R. GOROG, P.E., ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM MANAGER, SOUTHWEST REGION



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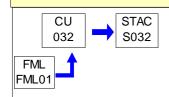




### **SECTION A.** Site Inventory List

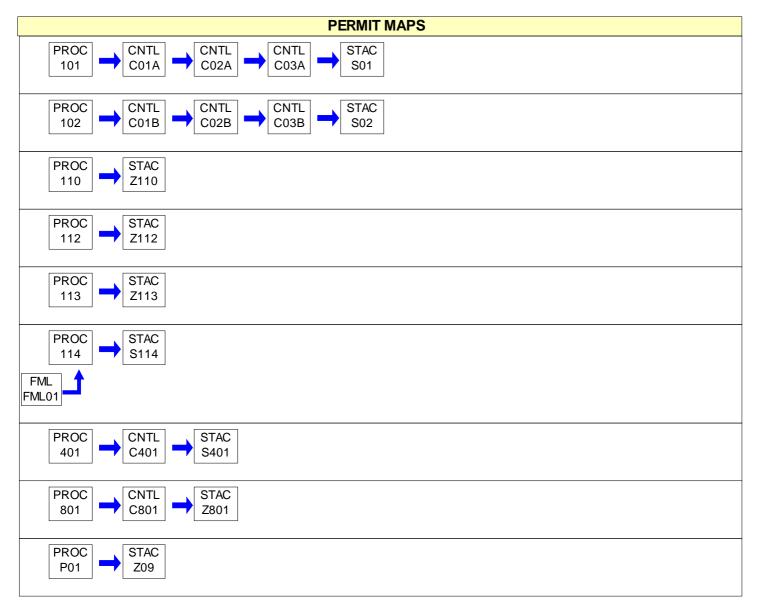
Source	ID Source Name	Capacity/Throughput	Fuel/Material
032	125 HP HURST BOILER (4.184 MMBTU/HR, NG)	N/A	Natural Gas
101 6350 BHP, COOPER BESSEMER 14W-330 ENG 1	N/A	Natural Gas	
(NG, SI, 2SLB)		N/A	Natural Gas
102 6350 BHP, COOPER BESSEMER 14W-330 ENG 2		N/A	Natural Gas
	(NG, SI, 2SLB)	N/A	Natural Gas
110	PRODUCED FLUIDS STORAGE TANKS	N/A	
112	2 NG COMPRESSORS #1 AND #2 (DRIVEN BY SOURCE IDS 101 & 102)	N/A	NG COMPRESSED
113	2 NG COMPRESSORS #3 AND #4 (DRIVEN BY 5,750-BHP ELEC MOTORS)	N/A	NG COMPRESSED
114	1,114 HP CATERPILLAR G3512 EMERGENCY GENERATOR)	N/A	Natural Gas
401	GLYCOL DEHYDRATOR UNIT	N/A	
801	PIG LAUNCHER	N/A	Natural Gas
P01 FACILITY FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	FACILITY FUGITIVE EMISSIONS	N/A	Natural Gas
		N/A	
C01A	HIGH ENERGY PLASMA IGNITION		
C01B	HIGH ENERGY PLASMA IGNITION		
C02A	CLEAN BURN TECHNOLOGY		
C02B	CLEAN BURN TECHNOLOGY		
C03A	SELECTIVE CATALYTIC REDUCTION		
C03B	SELECTIVE CATALYTIC REDUCTION		
C105	GLYCOL DEHY UNIT FLARE		
C401	GLYCOL DEHY FLARE		
FML01	NATURAL GAS SUPPLY		
S01	ENGINE 1 STACK		
S02	ENGINE 2 STACK		
S032	HURST BOILER STACK		
S114	EMERGENCY ENGINE (CAT G3512) STACK		
S401	GLYCOL DEHY FLARE STACK		
Z09	FUGITIVE VOC EMISSIONS		
Z110	STORAGE TANK P-1 VENT		
Z112	COMPRESSOR VENTS #1 AND #2		
Z113	COMPRESSOR VENTS #3 AND #4		
Z801	PIGGING FUGITIVE EMISSIONS		

### **PERMIT MAPS**















#001 [25 Pa. Code § 121.1]

**Definitions** 

Words and terms that are not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4003) and 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.

#002 [25 Pa. Code § 121.7]

**Prohibition of Air Pollution** 

No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. §§ 4001-4015).

#003 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(c)(4)]

**Property Rights** 

This permit does not convey property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges.

#004 [25 Pa. Code § 127.446(a) and (c)]

#### **Permit Expiration**

This operating permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on Page 1 of this permit. The terms and conditions of the expired permit shall automatically continue pending issuance of a new Title V permit, provided the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application and paid applicable fees required under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue or deny a new permit before the expiration of the previous permit. An application is complete if it contains sufficient information to begin processing the application, has the applicable sections completed and has been signed by a responsible official.

#005 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.412, 127.413, 127.414, 127.446(e), 127.503 & 127.704(b)]

#### **Permit Renewal**

- (a) An application for the renewal of the Title V permit shall be submitted to the Department at least six (6) months, and not more than 18 months, before the expiration date of this permit. The renewal application is timely if a complete application is submitted to the Department's Regional Air Manager within the timeframe specified in this permit condition.
- (b) The application for permit renewal shall include the current permit number, the appropriate permit renewal fee, a description of any permit revisions and off-permit changes that occurred during the permit term, and any applicable requirements that were promulgated and not incorporated into the permit during the permit term. The fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" and submitted with the fee form to the respective regional office.
- (c) The renewal application shall also include submission of proof that the local municipality and county, in which the facility is located, have been notified in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.413. The application for renewal of the Title V permit shall also include submission of compliance review forms which have been used by the permittee to update information submitted in accordance with either 25 Pa. Code § 127.412(b) or § 127.412(j).
- (d) The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information during the permit renewal process. The permittee shall also promptly provide additional information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the date a complete renewal application was submitted but prior to release of a draft permit.

#006 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450(a)(4) & 127.464(a)]

#### **Transfer of Ownership or Operational Control**

- (a) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)(4), a change in ownership or operational control of the source shall be treated as an administrative amendment if:
  - (1) The Department determines that no other change in the permit is necessary;
- (2) A written agreement has been submitted to the Department identifying the specific date of the transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and the new permittee; and,
  - (3) A compliance review form has been submitted to the Department and the permit transfer has been approved by







the Department.

(b) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.464(a), this permit may not be transferred to another person except in cases of transfer-of-ownership which are documented and approved to the satisfaction of the Department.

#### #007 [25 Pa. Code § 127.513, 35 P.S. § 4008 and § 114 of the CAA]

#### **Inspection and Entry**

- (a) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law for inspection and entry purposes, the permittee shall allow the Department of Environmental Protection or authorized representatives of the Department to perform the following:
- (1) Enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where a Title V source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit;
  - (2) Have access to and copy or remove, at reasonable times, records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) Inspect at reasonable times, facilities, equipment including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (4) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements as authorized by the Clean Air Act, the Air Pollution Control Act, or the regulations promulgated under the Acts.
- (b) Pursuant to 35 P.S. § 4008, no person shall hinder, obstruct, prevent or interfere with the Department or its personnel in the performance of any duty authorized under the Air Pollution Control Act.
- (c) Nothing in this permit condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the permittee in accordance with Section 114 or other applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act.

#### [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.25, 127.444, & 127.512(c)(1)] #008

#### **Compliance Requirements**

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the conditions of this permit. Noncompliance with this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for one (1) or more of the following:
  - (1) Enforcement action
  - (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance or modification
  - (3) Denial of a permit renewal application
- (b) A person may not cause or permit the operation of a source, which is subject to 25 Pa. Code Article III, unless the source(s) and air cleaning devices identified in the application for the plan approval and operating permit and the plan approval issued to the source are operated and maintained in accordance with specifications in the applications and the conditions in the plan approval and operating permit issued by the Department. A person may not cause or permit the operation of an air contamination source subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 in a manner inconsistent with good operating practices.
- (c) For purposes of Sub-condition (b) of this permit condition, the specifications in applications for plan approvals and operating permits are the physical configurations and engineering design details which the Department determines are essential for the permittee's compliance with the applicable requirements in this Title V permit.

#### #009 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(c)(2)]

#### **Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense**

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.







#### #010 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.411(d) & 127.512(c)(5)]

#### **Duty to Provide Information**

- (a) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, information that the Department may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or to determine compliance with the permit.
- (b) Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department copies of records that the permittee is required to keep by this permit, or for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee may furnish such records directly to the Administrator of EPA along with a claim of confidentiality.

#### #011 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.463, 127.512(c)(3) & 127.542]

#### Reopening and Revising the Title V Permit for Cause

- (a) This Title V permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay a permit condition.
- (b) This permit may be reopened, revised and reissued prior to expiration of the permit under one or more of the following circumstances:
- (1) Additional applicable requirements under the Clean Air Act or the Air Pollution Control Act become applicable to a Title V facility with a remaining permit term of three (3) or more years prior to the expiration date of this permit. The Department will revise the permit as expeditiously as practicable but not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable standards or regulations. No such revision is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the expiration date of this permit, unless the original permit or its terms and conditions has been extended.
- (2) Additional requirements, including excess emissions requirements, become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by the Administrator of EPA, excess emissions offset plans for an affected source shall be incorporated into the permit.
- (3) The Department or the EPA determines that this permit contains a material mistake or inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of this permit.
- (4) The Department or the Administrator of EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
- (c) Proceedings to revise this permit shall follow the same procedures which apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of this permit for which cause to revise exists. The revision shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.
- (d) Regardless of whether a revision is made in accordance with (b)(1) above, the permittee shall meet the applicable standards or regulations promulgated under the Clean Air Act within the time frame required by standards or regulations.

#### #012 [25 Pa. Code § 127.543]

#### Reopening a Title V Permit for Cause by EPA

As required by the Clean Air Act and regulations adopted thereunder, this permit may be modified, reopened and reissued, revoked or terminated for cause by EPA in accordance with procedures specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.543.

#### #013 [25 Pa. Code § 127.522(a)]

#### Operating Permit Application Review by the EPA

The applicant may be required by the Department to provide a copy of the permit application, including the compliance plan, directly to the Administrator of the EPA. Copies of title V permit applications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.522(a), shall be submitted, if required, to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].





#### #014 [25 Pa. Code § 127.541]

#### **Significant Operating Permit Modifications**

When permit modifications during the term of this permit do not qualify as minor permit modifications or administrative amendments, the permittee shall submit an application for significant Title V permit modifications in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.541. Notifications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.522(a), if required, shall be submitted, to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].

### #015 [25 Pa. Code §§ 121.1 & 127.462]

#### **Minor Operating Permit Modifications**

The permittee may make minor operating permit modifications (as defined in 25 Pa. Code §121.1), on an expedited basis, in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §127.462 (relating to minor operating permit modifications). Notifications to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.462(c), if required, shall be submitted, to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].

#### #016 [25 Pa. Code § 127.450]

#### **Administrative Operating Permit Amendments**

(a) The permittee may request administrative operating permit amendments, as defined in 25 Pa. Code §127.450(a). Copies of request for administrative permit amendment to EPA, pursuant to 25 PA Code §127.450(c)(1), if required, shall be submitted to the following EPA e-mail box:

R3\_Air\_Apps\_and\_Notices@epa.gov

Please place the following in the subject line: TV [permit number], [Facility Name].

(b) Upon final action by the Department granting a request for an administrative operating permit amendment covered under §127.450(a)(5), the permit shield provisions in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 (relating to permit shield) shall apply to administrative permit amendments incorporated in this Title V Permit in accordance with §127.450(c), unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder.

#### #017 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(b)]

#### **Severability Clause**

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit is determined by the Environmental Hearing Board or a court of competent jurisdiction, or US EPA to be invalid or unenforceable, such a determination will not affect the remaining provisions of this permit.

#### #018 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.704, 127.705 & 127.707]

#### **Fee Payment**

- (a) The permittee shall pay fees to the Department in accordance with the applicable fee schedules in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I (relating to plan approval and operating permit fees). The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office.
- (b) Emission Fees. The permittee shall, on or before September 1st of each year, pay applicable annual Title V emission fees for emissions occurring in the previous calendar year as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.705. The permittee is not required to pay an emission fee for emissions of more than 4,000 tons of each regulated pollutant emitted from the facility.
- (c) As used in this permit condition, the term "regulated pollutant" is defined as a VOC, each pollutant regulated under Sections 111 and 112 of the Clean Air Act and each pollutant for which a National Ambient Air Quality Standard has been promulgated, except that carbon monoxide is excluded.







- (d) Late Payment. Late payment of emission fees will subject the permittee to the penalties prescribed in 25 Pa. Code § 127.707 and may result in the suspension or termination of the Title V permit. The permittee shall pay a penalty of fifty percent (50%) of the fee amount, plus interest on the fee amount computed in accordance with 26 U.S.C.A. § 6621(a)(2) from the date the emission fee should have been paid in accordance with the time frame specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.705(c).
- (e) The permittee shall pay an annual operating permit maintenance fee according to the following fee schedule established in 25 Pa. Code § 127.704(d) on or before December 31 of each year for the next calendar year.
- (1) Eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for calendar years 2021—2025.
- (2) Ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for calendar years 2026—2030.
- (3) Twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.

#### #019 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.14(b) & 127.449]

#### **Authorization for De Minimis Emission Increases**

- (a) This permit authorizes de minimis emission increases from a new or existing source in accordance with 25 Pa. Code §§ 127.14 and 127.449 without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification. The permittee shall provide the Department with seven (7) days prior written notice before commencing any de minimis emissions increase that would result from either: (1) a physical change of minor significance under § 127.14(c)(1); or (2) the construction, installation, modification or reactivation of an air contamination source. The written notice shall:
  - (1) Identify and describe the pollutants that will be emitted as a result of the de minimis emissions increase.
- (2) Provide emission rates expressed in tons per year and in terms necessary to establish compliance consistent with any applicable requirement.

The Department may disapprove or condition de minimis emission increases at any time.

- (b) Except as provided below in (c) and (d) of this permit condition, the permittee is authorized during the term of this permit to make de minimis emission increases (expressed in tons per year) up to the following amounts without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification:
- (1) Four tons of carbon monoxide from a single source during the term of the permit and 20 tons of carbon monoxide at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (2) One ton of NOx from a single source during the term of the permit and 5 tons of NOx at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (3) One and six-tenths tons of the oxides of sulfur from a single source during the term of the permit and 8.0 tons of oxides of sulfur at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (4) Six-tenths of a ton of PM10 from a single source during the term of the permit and 3.0 tons of PM10 at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
- (5) One ton of VOCs from a single source during the term of the permit and 5.0 tons of VOCs at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
- (c) In accordance with § 127.14, the permittee may install the following minor sources without the need for a plan approval:
- (1) Air conditioning or ventilation systems not designed to remove pollutants generated or released from other sources.
  - (2) Combustion units rated at 2,500,000 or less Btu per hour of heat input.



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#### **SECTION B.** General Title V Requirements

- (3) Combustion units with a rated capacity of less than 10,000,000 Btu per hour heat input fueled by natural gas supplied by a public utility, liquefied petroleum gas or by commercial fuel oils which are No. 2 or lighter, viscosity less than or equal to 5.82 c St, and which meet the sulfur content requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 123.22 (relating to combustion units). For purposes of this permit, commercial fuel oil shall be virgin oil which has no reprocessed, recycled or waste material added.
  - (4) Space heaters which heat by direct heat transfer.
  - (5) Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.
  - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (d) This permit does not authorize de minimis emission increases if the emissions increase would cause one or more of the following:
- (1) Increase the emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act except as authorized in Subparagraphs (b)(4) and (5) of this permit condition.
- (2) Subject the facility to the prevention of significant deterioration requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter D and/or the new source review requirements in Subchapter E.
- (3) Violate any applicable requirement of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, or the regulations promulgated under either of the acts.
- (4) Changes which are modifications under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act and emission increases which would exceed the allowable emissions level (expressed as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions) under the Title V permit.
- (e) Unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder, the permit shield described in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 (relating to permit shield) shall extend to the changes made under 25 Pa. Code § 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases).
- (f) Emissions authorized under this permit condition shall be included in the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this permit.
- (g) Except for de minimis emission increases allowed under this permit, 25 Pa. Code § 127.449, or sources and physical changes meeting the requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 127.14, the permittee is prohibited from making physical changes or engaging in activities that are not specifically authorized under this permit without first applying for a plan approval. In accordance with § 127.14(b), a plan approval is not required for the construction, modification, reactivation, or installation of the sources creating the de minimis emissions increase.
- (h) The permittee may not meet de minimis emission threshold levels by offsetting emission increases or decreases at the same source.

#### #020 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.11a & 127.215]

#### **Reactivation of Sources**

- (a) The permittee may reactivate a source at the facility that has been out of operation or production for at least one year, but less than or equal to five (5) years, if the source is reactivated in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code §§ 127.11a and 127.215. The reactivated source will not be considered a new source.
- (b) A source which has been out of operation or production for more than five (5) years but less than 10 years may be reactivated and will not be considered a new source if the permittee satisfies the conditions specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(b).

#### #021 [25 Pa. Code §§ 121.9 & 127.216]

#### Circumvention

(a) The owner of this Title V facility, or any other person, may not circumvent the new source review requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter E by causing or allowing a pattern of ownership or development, including the







phasing, staging, delaying or engaging in incremental construction, over a geographic area of a facility which, except for the pattern of ownership or development, would otherwise require a permit or submission of a plan approval application.

(b) No person may permit the use of a device, stack height which exceeds good engineering practice stack height, dispersion technique or other technique which, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminants emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminants which would otherwise be in violation of this permit, the Air Pollution Control Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder, except that with prior approval of the Department, the device or technique may be used for control of malodors.

#### #022 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.402(d) & 127.513(1)]

#### **Submissions**

(a) Reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications and requests for renewal of the permit shall be submitted to the:

Regional Air Program Manager

PA Department of Environmental Protection

(At the address given on the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

(b) Any report or notification for the EPA Administrator or EPA Region III should be addressed to:

Enforcement & Compliance Assurance Division Air, RCRA and Toxics Branch (3ED21) Four Penn Center 1600 John F. Kennedy Boulevard Philadelphia, PA 19103-2852

The Title V compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3\_APD\_Permits@epa.gov.

(c) An application, form, report or compliance certification submitted pursuant to this permit condition shall contain certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy, and completeness as required under 25 Pa. Code § 127.402(d). Unless otherwise required by the Clean Air Act or regulations adopted thereunder, this certification and any other certification required pursuant to this permit shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.

#### #023 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) & 127.463(e); Chapter 139; & 114(a)(3), 504(b) of the CAA]

### Sampling, Testing and Monitoring Procedures

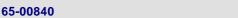
- (a) The permittee shall perform the emissions monitoring and analysis procedures or test methods for applicable requirements of this Title V permit. In addition to the sampling, testing and monitoring procedures specified in this permit, the Permittee shall comply with any additional applicable requirements promulgated under the Clean Air Act after permit issuance regardless of whether the permit is revised.
- (b) The sampling, testing and monitoring required under the applicable requirements of this permit, shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 unless alternative methodology is required by the Clean Air Act (including §§ 114(a)(3) and 504(b)) and regulations adopted thereunder.

### #024 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.511 & Chapter 135]

### **Recordkeeping Requirements**

- (a) The permittee shall maintain and make available, upon request by the Department, records of required monitoring information that include the following:
  - (1) The date, place (as defined in the permit) and time of sampling or measurements.
  - (2) The dates the analyses were performed.
  - (3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
  - (4) The analytical techniques or methods used.







- (5) The results of the analyses.
- (6) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (b) The permittee shall retain records of the required monitoring data and supporting information for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report or application. Supporting information includes the calibration data and maintenance records and original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of reports required by the permit.
- (c) The permittee shall maintain and make available to the Department upon request, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with the reporting, recordkeeping and emission statement requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135 (relating to reporting of sources). In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135, § 135.5, such records may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions. If direct recordkeeping is not possible or practical, sufficient records shall be kept to provide the needed information by indirect means.

#### #025 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.411(d), 127.442, 127.463(e) & 127.511(c)]

### **Reporting Requirements**

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements for the applicable requirements specified in this Title V permit. In addition to the reporting requirements specified herein, the permittee shall comply with any additional applicable reporting requirements promulgated under the Clean Air Act after permit issuance regardless of whether the permit is revised.
- (b) Pursuant to 25 Pa. Code § 127.511(c), the permittee shall submit reports of required monitoring at least every six (6) months unless otherwise specified in this permit. Instances of deviations (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) from permit requirements shall be clearly identified in the reports. The reporting of deviations shall include the probable cause of the deviations and corrective actions or preventative measures taken, except that sources with continuous emission monitoring systems shall report according to the protocol established and approved by the Department for the source. The required reports shall be certified by a responsible official.
- (c) Every report submitted to the Department under this permit condition shall comply with the submission procedures specified in Section B, Condition #022(c) of this permit.
- (d) Any records, reports or information obtained by the Department or referred to in a public hearing shall be made available to the public by the Department except for such records, reports or information for which the permittee has shown cause that the documents should be considered confidential and protected from disclosure to the public under Section 4013.2 of the Air Pollution Control Act and consistent with Sections 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act and 25 Pa. Code § 127.411(d). The permittee may not request a claim of confidentiality for any emissions data generated for the Title V facility.

#### #026 [25 Pa. Code § 127.513]

#### **Compliance Certification**

- (a) One year after the date of issuance of the Title V permit, and each year thereafter, unless specified elsewhere in the permit, the permittee shall submit to the Department and EPA Region III a certificate of compliance with the terms and conditions in this permit, for the previous year, including the emission limitations, standards or work practices. This certification shall include:
- (1) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification.
- (2) The compliance status.
- (3) The methods used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period.
- (4) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent.
- (b) The compliance certification shall be postmarked or hand-delivered no later than thirty days after each anniversary of the date of issuance of this Title V Operating Permit, or on the submittal date specified elsewhere in the permit, to the Department in accordance with the submission requirements specified in Section B, Condition #022 of this permit. The Title V compliance certification shall be emailed to EPA at R3\_APD\_Permits@epa.gov.





#### #027 [25 Pa. Code § 127.3]

#### **Operational Flexibility**

The permittee is authorized to make changes within the Title V facility in accordance with the following provisions in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 which implement the operational flexibility requirements of Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act and Section 6.1(i) of the Air Pollution Control Act:

- (1) Section 127.14 (relating to exemptions)
- (2) Section 127.447 (relating to alternative operating scenarios)
- (3) Section 127.448 (relating to emissions trading at facilities with federally enforceable emissions caps)
- (4) Section 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases)
- (5) Section 127.450 (relating to administrative operating permit amendments)
- (6) Section 127.462 (relating to minor operating permit amendments)
- (7) Subchapter H (relating to general plan approvals and operating permits)

#### #028 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(d), 127.512(i) and 40 CFR Part 68]

#### **Risk Management**

- (a) If required by Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, the permittee shall develop and implement an accidental release program consistent with requirements of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 (relating to chemical accident prevention provisions) and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act (P.L. 106-40).
- (b) The permittee shall prepare and implement a Risk Management Plan (RMP) which meets the requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act when a regulated substance listed in 40 CFR § 68.130 is present in a process in more than the listed threshold quantity at the Title V facility. The permittee shall submit the RMP to the federal Environmental Protection Agency according to the following schedule and requirements:
- (1) The permittee shall submit the first RMP to a central point specified by EPA no later than the latest of the following:
- (i) Three years after the date on which a regulated substance is first listed under § 68.130; or,
- (ii) The date on which a regulated substance is first present above a threshold quantity in a process.
- (2) The permittee shall submit any additional relevant information requested by the Department or EPA concerning the RMP and shall make subsequent submissions of RMPs in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.190.
- (3) The permittee shall certify that the RMP is accurate and complete in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, including a checklist addressing the required elements of a complete RMP.
- (c) As used in this permit condition, the term "process" shall be as defined in 40 CFR § 68.3. The term "process" means any activity involving a regulated substance including any use, storage, manufacturing, handling, or on-site movement of such substances or any combination of these activities. For purposes of this definition, any group of vessels that are interconnected, or separate vessels that are located such that a regulated substance could be involved in a potential release, shall be considered a single process.
- (d) If the Title V facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, as part of the certification required under this permit, the permittee shall:
- (1) Submit a compliance schedule for satisfying the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 by the date specified in 40 CFR § 68.10(a); or,
- (2) Certify that the Title V facility is in compliance with all requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 including the registration and submission of the RMP.







- (e) If the Title V facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, the permittee shall maintain records supporting the implementation of an accidental release program for five (5) years in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.200.
- (f) When the Title V facility is subject to the accidental release program requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act and 40 CFR Part 68, appropriate enforcement action will be taken by the Department if:
- (1) The permittee fails to register and submit the RMP or a revised plan pursuant to 40 CFR Part 68.
- (2) The permittee fails to submit a compliance schedule or include a statement in the compliance certification required under Section B, Condition #026 of this permit that the Title V facility is in compliance with the requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68, and 25 Pa. Code § 127.512(i).

#### #029 [25 Pa. Code § 127.512(e)]

#### **Approved Economic Incentives and Emission Trading Programs**

No permit revision shall be required under approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this Title V permit.

#### #030 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.516, 127.450(d), 127.449(f) & 127.462(g)]

#### **Permit Shield**

- (a) The permittee's compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed in compliance with applicable requirements (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) as of the date of permit issuance if either of the following applies:
  - (1) The applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in this permit.
- (2) The Department specifically identifies in the permit other requirements that are not applicable to the permitted facility or source.
- (b) Nothing in 25 Pa. Code § 127.516 or the Title V permit shall alter or affect the following:
- (1) The provisions of Section 303 of the Clean Air Act, including the authority of the Administrator of the EPA provided thereunder.
  - (2) The liability of the permittee for a violation of an applicable requirement prior to the time of permit issuance.
  - (3) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Clean Air Act.
  - (4) The ability of the EPA to obtain information from the permittee under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act.
- (c) Unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or regulations thereunder, final action by the Department incorporating a significant permit modification in this Title V Permit shall be covered by the permit shield at the time that the permit containing the significant modification is issued.

#### #031 [25 Pa. Code §135.3]

#### Reporting

- (a) The permittee shall submit by March 1 of each year an annual emissions report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all active previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the preceding calendar year, and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported. All air emissions from the facility should be estimated and reported.
- (b) A source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of an annual emissions report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

#### #032 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

#### **Report Format**

Emissions reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Emissions reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.







#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

#### **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §121.7]

#### Prohibition of air pollution.

No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the act.

#### # 002 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

#### Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

- (a) No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of fugitive air contaminant from a source other than the following:
- (1) Construction or demolition of buildings or structures.
- (2) Grading, paving and maintenance of roads and streets.
- (3) Use of roads and streets. Emissions from material in or on trucks, railroad cars and other vehicular equipment are not considered as emissions from use of roads and streets.
- (4) Clearing of land.
- (5) Stockpiling of materials.
- (6) Open burning operations.
- (7) (8) N/A.
- (9) Sources and classes of sources other than those identified in paragraphs (1)-(5), for which the operator has obtained a determination from the Department that fugitive emissions from the source, after appropriate control, meet the following
- (i) the emissions are of minor significance with respect to causing air pollution; and
- (ii) the emissions are not preventing or interfering with the attainment or maintenance of any ambient air quality standard.
- (b) N/A.
- (c) Contained under WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS in this section of the permit.

#### (d) N/A.

#### # 003 [25 Pa. Code §123.11]

#### **Combustion units**

- (a) A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from a combustion unit in excess of the following:
- (1) The rate of 0.4 pound per million Btu of heat input, when the heat input to the combustion unit in millions of Btus per hour is greater than 2.5 but less than 50.
  - (2) (3) N/A.
  - (b) N/A.

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

#### **Processes**

Particulate matter emissions into the outdoor atmosphere from any process shall not exceed 0.04 gr/dscf as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 123.13(c)(1)(i)

#### # 005 [25 Pa. Code §123.2]

#### **Fugitive particulate matter**

A person may not permit fugitive particulate matter to be emitted into the outdoor atmosphere from a source specified in 123.1(a)(1) -- (9) (relating to prohibition of certain fugitive emissions) if such emissions are visible at the point the emissions pass outside the person's property.

#### # 006 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

#### **General**

(a) This section applies to sources except those subject to other provisions of this article, with respect to the control of sulfur compound emissions.







(b) No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

#### # 007 [25 Pa. Code §123.22]

#### **Combustion units**

- (a) Nonair basin areas. Combustion units in nonair basin areas must conform with the following:
- (1) General provision. A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, from a combustion unit in excess of the rate of 4 pounds per million Btu of heat input over a 1-hour period, except as provided in paragraph (4).
  - (2) (4) N/A.
- (b) (h) N/A.

#### # 008 [25 Pa. Code §123.31]

#### Limitations

(b) A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source in such a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the source is being operated.

#### # 009 [25 Pa. Code §123.41]

#### Limitations

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of visible air contaminants in such a manner that the opacity of the emission is either of the following:

- (1) Equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 1 hour.
- (2) Equal to or greater than 60% at any time.

#### # 010 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall limit the facility-wide emissions to the following levels based on any consecutive 12-month rolling period.

This requirement shall take effect 12 months after commencement of operation of the new selective catalytic reduction systems (on November 6, 2025).

Air Contaminant Emission Rate (tpy)

NOx: 79.0 CO: 159.0 PM10: 16.0 PM2.5: 16.0 SOx: 0.5 VOC: 66.0

Formaldehyde: 22.1

HAP: 31.5

#### # 011 [25 Pa. Code §129.14]

#### Open burning operations

- (a) AIR BASINS. Not applicable
- (b) OUTSIDE OF AIR BASINS. No person may permit the open burning of material in an area outside of air basins in a manner that:
- (1) The emissions are visible, at any time, at the point such emissions pass outside the property of the person on whose land the open burning is being conducted.
  - (2) Malodorous air contaminants from the open burning are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land







the open burning is being conducted.

- (3) The emissions interfere with the reasonable enjoyment of life or property.
- (4) The emissions cause damage to vegetation or property.
- (5) The emissions are or may be deleterious to human or animal health.
- (c) Exceptions. The requirements of subsections (a) and (b) do not apply where the open burning operations result from:
- (1) A fire set to prevent or abate a fire hazard, when approved by the Department and set by or under the supervision of a public officer.
  - (2) Any fire set for the purpose of instructing personnel in fire fighting, when approved by the Department.
  - (3) A fire set for the prevention and control of disease or pests, when approved by the Department.
- (4) A fire set in conjunction with the production of agricultural commodities in their unmanufactured state on the premises of the farm operation.
- (5) A fire set for the purpose of burning domestic refuse, when the fire is on the premises of a structure occupied solely as a dwelling by two families or less and when the refuse results from the normal occupancy of the structure.
  - (6) A fire set solely for recreational or ceremonial purposes.
  - (7) A fire set solely for cooking food.
- (d) Clearing and grubbing wastes. The following is applicable to clearing and grubbing wastes:
  - (1) As used in this subsection the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Air curtain destructor—A mechanical device which forcefully projects a curtain of air across a pit in which open burning is being conducted so that combustion efficiency is increased and smoke and other particulate matter are contained.

Clearing and grubbing wastes—Trees, shrubs and other native vegetation which are cleared from land during or prior to the process of construction. The term does not include demolition wastes and dirt laden roots.

- (2) Subsection (a) notwithstanding, clearing and grubbing wastes may be burned in a basin subject to the following requirements:
  - (i) Air curtain destructors shall be used when burning clearing and grubbing wastes.
- (ii) Each proposed use of air curtain destructors shall be reviewed and approved by the Department in writing with respect to equipment arrangement, design and existing environmental conditions prior to commencement of burning. Proposals approved under this subparagraph need not obtain plan approval or operating permits under Chapter 127 (relating to construction, modification, reactivation and operation of sources).
- (iii) Approval for use of an air curtain destructor at one site may be granted for a specified period not to exceed 3 months, but may be extended for additional limited periods upon further approval by the Department.
- (iv) The Department reserves the right to rescind approval granted if a determination by the Department indicates that an air pollution problem exists.
- (3) Subsection (b) notwithstanding clearing and grubbing wastes may be burned outside of an air basin, subject to the following limitations:
- (i) Upon receipt of a complaint or determination by the Department that an air pollution problem exists, the Department may order that the open burning cease or comply with subsection (b).
- (ii) Authorization for open burning under this paragraph does not apply to clearing and grubbing wastes transported from an air basin for disposal outside of an air basin.
- (4) During an air pollution episode, open burning is limited by Chapter 137 (relating to air pollution episodes) and shall cease as specified in that chapter.

#### Fuel Restriction(s).

#### # 012 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Natural gas combusted as fuel shall meet the U.S. EPA definition of "pipeline natural gas" with a total sulfur content not to exceed 20 grains per 100 dscf.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 013 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

If, at any time, the Department has cause to believe that air contaminant emissions from the sources listed in this Permit may be in excess of the limitations specified in, or established pursuant to the permittee's operating permit, the permittee





may be required to conduct test methods and procedures deemed necessary by the Department to determine the actual emissions rate. Such testing shall be conducted in accordance with Title 25 PA Code Chapter 139, where applicable, and in accordance with any restrictions or limitations established by the Department at such time as it notifies the company that testing is required.

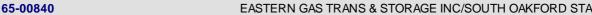
# # 014 [25 Pa. Code §139.51] Purpose.

The Owner/Operator shall submit a pre-test protocol to the Department for review at least 90 days prior to the performance of any EPA reference method stack test. The test report may be submitted via PSIMS\*Online at https://www.depgreenport.state.pa.us/ecomm/Login.jsp. All proposed performance test methods shall be identified in the pre-test protocol and approved by the Department prior to testing.

The Department Source Testing Manual is available at this web address: http://www.depgreenport.state.pa.us/elibrary/GetFolder?FolderlD=4563

- (a) At least 90 calendar days prior to commencing an emissions testing program, a test protocol shall be submitted to the Department for review and approval in accordance with paragraph (8) of this condition. The test protocol shall meet all applicable requirements specified in the most current version of the Department's Source Testing Manual.
- (b) When testing of a source is required on a recurring basis, a single procedural protocol may be submitted for approval; thereafter, a letter, submitted at least 90 calendar days prior to commencing an emissions testing program, referencing the previously approved procedural protocol is sufficient if the letter is approved by the Department. The letter shall be submitted as required in paragraph (a). If modifications are made to the process(es), if a different stack testing company is used, or if an applicable section of the stack test manual has been revised since the approval, a new protocol shall be submitted for approval.
- (c) At least 15 calendar days prior to commencing an emission testing program, notification as to the date and time of testing shall be given to the Department in accordance with paragraph (h) of this condition. Notification shall not be made without prior receipt of a protocol acceptance letter from the Department.
- (d) If the proposed testing did not occur per the required notification in paragraph (b) above, an electronic mail notification shall be sent within 15 calendar days after the expected completion date of the onsite testing to the Department, in accordance with paragraph (h) of this condition, indicating why the proposed completion date of the on-site testing was not adhered to.
- (e) A complete test report shall be submitted to the Department no later than 60 calendar days after completion of the onsite testing portion of an emission test program.
- (1) The test report shall include a summary of the emission results on the first page of the report indicating if each pollutant measured is within permitted limits and a statement of compliance or non-compliance with all applicable permit conditions.
  - (2) The summary results will include, at a minimum, the following information:
- (A) A statement that the owner or operator has reviewed the report from the emissions testing body and agrees with the findings.
  - (B) Permit number(s) and condition(s) which are the basis for the evaluation.
  - (C) Summary of results with respect to each applicable permit condition.
  - (D) Statement of compliance or non-compliance with each applicable permit condition.
- (f) Pursuant to 25 Pa. Code § 139.3, all submittals shall meet all applicable requirements specified in the most current version of the Department's Source Testing Manual.







- (g) All testing shall be performed in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 139 of the Rules and Regulations of the Department of Environmental Protection.
- (h) Pursuant to 25 Pa. Code §§ 139.53(a)(1) and 139.53(a)(3):
- (1) All submittals, except test notifications & portable emission monitor tests, shall be accomplished through PSIMS\*Online, available through https://www.depgreenport.state.pa.us/ecomm/Login.jsp, if it is available.
- (2) For test notifications & portable analyzer results, or if internet submittal cannot be accomplished, one electronic copy of the test submission (notifications, protocols, reports, supplemental information, etc.) shall be sent to both PSIMS Administration in Central Office and to the Regional Office AQ Program Manager at the following addresses.

**CENTRAL OFFICE:** 

RA-EPstacktesting@pa.gov

#### SOUTHWEST REGIONAL OFFICE:

RA-EPSWstacktesting@pa.gov

- (i) The permittee shall ensure all federal reporting requirements contained in the applicable subpart of 40 CFR are followed, including timelines more stringent than those contained herein. In the event of an inconsistency or any conflicting requirements between state and the federal, the most stringent provision, term, condition, method or rule shall be used by default.
- (j) Actions Related to Noncompliance Demonstrated by a Stack Test:
- (1) If the results of a stack test, performed as required by this approval, exceed the level specified in any condition of this approval, the Permittee shall take appropriate corrective actions. Within 30 days of the Permittee receiving the stack test results, a written description of the corrective actions shall be submitted to the Department. The Permittee shall take appropriate action to minimize emissions from the affected facility while the corrective actions are being implemented. The Department shall notify the Permittee within 30 days, if the corrective actions taken are deficient. Within 30 days of receipt of the notice of deficiency, the Permittee shall submit a description of additional corrective actions to the Department. The Department reserves the authority to use enforcement activities to resolve noncompliant stack tests.
- (2) If the results of the required stack test exceed any limit defined in this permit, the test was not performed in accordance with the stack test protocol or the source and/or air cleaning device was not operated in accordance with the permit, then another stack test shall be performed to determine compliance. Within 120 days of the Permittee receiving the original stack test results, a retest shall be performed. The Department may extend the retesting deadline if the Permittee demonstrates, to the Department's satisfaction, that retesting within 120 days is not practicable. Failure of the second test to demonstrate compliance with the limits in the permit, not performing the test in accordance with the stack test protocol or not operating the source and/or air cleaning device in accordance with the permit may be grounds for immediate revocation of the permit to operate the affected source.

#### MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 015 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

A facility-wide inspection shall be conducted at a minimum of once each day that sources at the facility are operating. The facility-wide inspection shall be conducted for the presence of the following:

- 1. Visible stack emissions;
- 2. Fugitive emissions; and
- 3. Potentially objectionable odors at the property line.

These observations are to ensure continued compliance with source-specific visible emission limitations, fugitive emissions prohibited under 25 Pa. Code § 123.1 or 25 Pa. Code § 123.2, and malodors prohibited under 25 Pa. Code §123.31. Observations for visible stack emissions shall be conducted during daylight hours and all observations shall be







conducted while sources are in operation. If any visible stack emissions, fugitive emissions, or potentially objectionable odors are apparent, the Owner/Operator shall take corrective action. These observations determine whether, or not, these conditions exist. They do not quantify the level of existing conditions. Therefore, the observations for presence, or lack of, visible emissions do not require that they be performed by a person certified as a qualified observer for EPA Method 9 for Visual Determination of the Opacity of Emissions from Stationary Sources.

Equipment at the facility shall not operate in violation of 25 Pa. Code § 123.1 and 25 Pa. Code § 123.2.

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 016 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

All logs and required records shall be maintained for a minimum of five years. These records must be kept on site, or electronically available on the site, for a minimum of two years. They may be stored at an alternative location or electronically available by a method acceptable to the Department, for the remaining time. All records shall be made available to the Department upon request.

#### # 017 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall maintain a record of all visible stack emission, fugitive emission, and potentially objectionable odor inspections performed. The records shall include the date, time, name and title of the observer, whether stack emissions, fugitive emissions, or potentially objectionable odors were observed, and any corrective action. Records shall be kept on site for a minimum of 5 years and made available to the Department upon request.

#### # 018 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The Owner/Operator shall maintain the following comprehensive and accurate records:

- a. Total monthly fuel consumption by the natural gas compressor engines, and other permitted equipment.
- b. The total monthly hours of operation of the natural gas compressors and other permitted equipment.
- c. Records including a description of testing methods, results, all operating data collected during tests, and a copy of the calculations performed.
- d. Copies of the manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule for the natural gas compressors, compressor engines, and other equipment.
- e. Records of any maintenance conducted on the natural gas compressor engine and other equipment.
- f. Records of all fractional gas analysis performed on the inlet natural gas to the facility within the last five years.
- g. Copies of the report that demonstrates that the natural gas compressor engines were operating at maximum routine operating conditions and within 10 percent of 100 percent peak load (or the highest achievable load) during emission performance testing.

#### # 019 [25 Pa. Code §135.5]

#### Recordkeeping

Source owners or operators shall maintain and make available upon request by the Department records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with 135.21 (relating to reporting; and emission statements). These may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions. If direct recordkeeping is not possible or practical, sufficient records shall be kept to provide the needed informed by indirect means.







#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 020 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall report malfunctions, emergencies or incidents of excess emissions to the Department. A malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, and not reasonably preventable failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner. An emergency is any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the owner or operator of a facility which requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation and which causes the emission source to exceed emissions, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the situation. An emergency shall not include situations caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventive maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

- (b) When the malfunction, emergency or incident of excess emissions poses an imminent danger to the public health, safety, welfare, or environment, it shall be reported to the Department and the County Emergency Management Agency by telephone within one (1) hour after the discovery of the malfunction, emergency or incident of excess emissions. The owner or operator shall submit a written or emailed report of instances of such malfunctions, emergencies or incidents of excess emissions to the Department within three (3) business days of the telephone report.
- (c) The report shall describe the following:
- 1. name, permit or authorization number, and location of the facility,
- 2. nature and cause of the malfunction, emergency or incident,
- 3. date and time when the malfunction, emergency or incident was first observed,
- 4. expected duration of excess emissions,
- 5. estimated rate of emissions.
- 6. corrective actions or preventative measures taken.
- (d) Any malfunction, emergency or incident of excess emissions that is not subject to the notice requirements of paragraph (b) of this condition shall be reported to the Department by telephone within 24 hours (or by 4:00 PM of the next business day, whichever is later) of discovery and in writing or by e-mail within five (5) business days of discovery. The report shall contain the same information required by paragraph (c), and any permit specific malfunction reporting requirements.
- (e) During an emergency an owner or operator may continue to operate the source at their discretion provided they submit justification for continued operation of a source during the emergency and follow all the notification and reporting requirements in accordance with paragraphs (b)-(d), as applicable, including any permit specific malfunction reporting requirements.
- (f) Reports regarding malfunctions, emergencies or incidents of excess emissions shall be submitted to the appropriate DEP Regional Office Air Program Manager.
- (g) Any emissions resulted from malfunction or emergency are to be reported in the annual emissions inventory report, if the annual emissions inventory report is required by permit or authorization.

#### # 021 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Annual emissions reporting shall be conducted as follows [25 Pa. Code §127.12b and §135.3]:

- a. The permittee shall submit by March 1 of each year, a source report for the preceding calendar year for all sources authorized under this plan approval to the Department via AES\*Online or AES\*XML at www.depgreenport.state.pa.us. The report shall include information for all previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the preceding calendar year and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported.
- b. The source report; in a form as the Department may prescribe; for classes or categories of sources; shall show the actual emissions of carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in diameter (PM10), particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter (PM2.5), sulfur dioxide (SO2), volatile organic compounds (VOC), total hazardous air pollutants (HAP), speciated individual HAP emissions (per the Department's Emissions Inventory Reporting Instructions), ammonia, and greenhouse gases, expressed as CO2e for each reporting period. A description of the method used to calculate the emissions and the time period over which the calculation is



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based shall be included. The statement shall also contain a certification by a company officer or the plant manager that the information contained in the statement is accurate.

c. A source owner or operator may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of a source report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

#### # 022 [25 Pa. Code §127.511]

#### Monitoring and related recordkeeping and reporting requirements.

Owner/operator shall submit the semi-annual monitoring reports for this facility by January 30 and July 30 of each year. The January 30 semi-annual monitoring report shall cover the period from July 1 through December 31. The July 30 semiannual monitoring report shall cover the period from January 1 through June 30. However, in accordance with Title 25 PA Code § 127.511(c), in no case shall the semi-annual monitoring report be submitted less often than every six (6) months. This may require that an interim semi-annual monitoring report (covering a period less than six (6) months) be submitted to bring the facility into compliance with this schedule.

#### # 023 [25 Pa. Code §127.513]

#### Compliance certification.

Permittee shall submit a Compliance Certification sufficient to demonstrate compliance with terms and conditions contained in the permit. Each Compliance Certification shall include the following:

- (a) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification.
- (b) The compliance status.
- (c) The methods used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period.
- (d) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent.
- (e) Other facts the Department may require, to determine the compliance status of the source.

[Owner/operator shall submit a Title V Compliance Certification for this facility by January 30 of each year. The Title V Compliance Certification shall cover the previous calendar year, for the period January 1 through December 31. This Certification shall be submitted to both the Director, Air, Toxics, and Radiation of EPA, Region III and the Regional Air Quality Program Manager, PA DEP. The Title V Compliance Certification may be emailed to EPA Region III at R3\_APD\_Permits@epa.gov in lieu of mailing a hard copy. However, in accordance with Title 25 PA Code § 127.513(5)(i), in no case shall the Title V Compliance Certification be submitted less often than annually. This may require that an interim Title V Compliance Certification (covering a period less than one year) be submitted to bring the facility into compliance with this schedule.]

#### # 024 [25 Pa. Code §135.21]

#### **Emission statements**

The owner or operator of each stationary source emitting oxides of nitrogen and/or VOCs shall provide the Department with a statement, in a form as the Department may prescribe, for classes or categories of sources, showing the actual emissions of oxides of nitrogen and VOCs from that source for each reporting period, a description of the method used to calculate the emissions and the time period over which the calculation is based. The statement shall contain a certification by a company officer or the plant manager that the information contained in the statement is accurate.

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 025 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

#### Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

The permittee shall take all reasonable actions to prevent particulate matter from a source identified in 25 PA Code 123.1(a)(1)-(9) from becoming airborne. These actions shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(c)(1) Use, where possible, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land.







- (2) Application of asphalt, oil, water or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, material stockpiles and other surfaces which may give rise to airborne dusts.
- (3) Paving and maintenance of roadways

#### # 026 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

#### Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

In order to minimize emissions, all air contamination sources and air cleaning devices shall be operated and maintained in accordance with good air pollution and engineering practices.

### # 027 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

All air contamination sources and air cleaning devices authorized under this Operating Permit shall be operated per the manufacturer's specifications and maintained according to the manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule; or a developed maintenance plan which is at least as stringent as the manufacturer's and is certified by the manufacturer to satisfy performance warranties for control efficiency, outlet emission rate, and other air contamination aspects of the air contamination source or air cleaning device as appropriate.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 028 [25 Pa. Code §123.42]

#### **Exceptions**

Limitations of opacity shall not apply to a visible emission in any of the following instances:

- (1) When the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of the emission to meet the limitations.
- (2) When the emission results from the operation of equipment used solely to train and test persons in observing the opacity of visible emissions.
- (3) When the emission results from sources specified in § 123.1 (a)(1)-(9) (relating to prohibition of certain fugitive emissions).
- (4) N/A.

#### # 029 [25 Pa. Code §123.43]

#### Measuring techniques

Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

- (1) A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements.
- (2) Observers, trained and qualified to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of devices approved by the Department.

#### # 030 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Mass emissions may be determined using engineering calculations based on fuel and raw material purchase records, manufacturers specifications, AP-42 emission factors, source test results, operating records, material balance methods, and/or other applicable methods with written Departmental approval.

#### # 031 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Sources at the facility are subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HHH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities and Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines, and 25 Pa.Code Chapters 121-145. (Air Resources)

Owner/operator shall comply with all applicable notification and reporting requirements contained in 40 CFR 63, Subparts







A, HHH, and DDDDD, and 40 CFR 60 Subpart JJJJ. All submittals shall be sent to both USEPA Region III and PADEP at the following addresses:

United States Environmental Protection Agency Region III, Air and Radiation Division Permits Branch (3AD10) Four Penn Center 1600 John F. Kennedy Boulevard Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103-2852

PA Department of Environmental Protection Office of Air Quality 400 Waterfront Drive Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4745

This permit contains language from the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Should the wording of the federal citations of the conditions in this permit be changed in the CFR, the new wording shall supersede the language of this permit.

#### [25 Pa. Code §129.100]

Compliance demonstration and recordkeeping requirements.

- (a) (c) N/A.
- (d) The owner and operator of an air contamination source subject to this section and § § 129.96 129.99 shall keep records to demonstrate compliance with § § 129.96 - 129.99 in the following manner:
- (1) The records must include sufficient data and calculations to demonstrate that the requirements of § \$ 129.96 129.99 are met.
- (2) Data or information required to determine compliance shall be recorded and maintained in a time frame consistent with the averaging period of the requirement.
- (e) (h) N/A.
- (i) The records shall be retained by the owner or operator for 5 years and made available to the Department or appropriate approved local air pollution control agency upon receipt of a written request from the Department or appropriate approved local air pollution control agency.

#### # 033 [25 Pa. Code §129.96]

#### **Applicability**

- (a) The NOx requirements of this section and § § 129.97 129.100 apply Statewide to the owner and operator of a major NOx emitting facility and the VOC requirements of this section and § § 129.97 - 129.100 apply Statewide to the owner and operator of a major VOC emitting facility that were in existence on or before July 20, 2012, for which a requirement or emission limitation, or both, has not been established in § § 129.51 - 129.52c, 129.54 - 129.69, 129.71 - 129.73, 129.75, 129.77, 129.101 - 129.107 and 129.301 - 129.310.
- (b) N/A.
- (c) This section and § § 129.97 129.100 do not apply to the owner and operator of a NOx air contamination source located at a major NOx emitting facility that has the potential to emit less than 1 TPY of NOx or a VOC air contamination source located at a major VOC emitting facility that has the potential to emit less than 1 TPY of VOC.

#### (d) N/A.

#### # 034 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

#### Report format

Source reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Source reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.







#### VIII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION.

No additional compliance certifications exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (relating to Title V General Requirements).

#### IX. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

No compliance milestones exist.

\*\*\* Permit Shield In Effect \*\*\*



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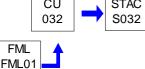


#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

Source ID: 032 Source Name: 125 HP HURST BOILER (4.184 MMBTU/HR, NG)

> Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A Natural Gas

CU **STAC** 032 S032



#### RESTRICTIONS.

### **Emission Restriction(s).**

#### # 001 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7505]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

What are my general requirements for complying with this subpart?

(a) You must be in compliance with the emission limits, work practice standards, and operating limits in this subpart. These emission and operating limits apply to you at all times the affected unit is operating except for the periods noted in § 63.7500(f).

#### (b)-(e) Not applicable

#### # 002 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7510]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

What are my initial compliance requirements and by what date must I conduct them?

- (a)-(f) Not applicable
- (g) For new or reconstructed affected sources (as defined in § 63.7490), you must demonstrate initial compliance with the applicable work practice standards in Table 3 to this subpart within the applicable annual, biennial, or 5-year schedule as specified in § 63.7515(d) following the initial compliance date specified in § 63.7495(a). Thereafter, you are required to complete the applicable annual, biennial, or 5-year tune-up as specified in § 63.7515(d).
- (i)-(k) Not applicable

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 003 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7520]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

What performance tests and procedures must I use?

- (a) You must conduct all performance tests according to § 63.7(c), (d), (f), and (h). You must also develop a site-specific stack test plan according to the requirements in § 63.7(c). You shall conduct all performance tests under such conditions as the Administrator specifies to you based on the representative performance of each boiler or process heater for the period being tested. Upon request, you shall make available to the Administrator such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of the performance tests.
- (b) You must conduct each performance test according to the requirements in Table 5 to this subpart.
- (c) You must conduct each performance test under the specific conditions listed in Tables 5 and 7 to this subpart. You must conduct performance tests at representative operating load conditions while burning the type of fuel or mixture of fuels that has the highest content of chlorine and mercury, and TSM if you are opting to comply with the TSM alternative standard and you must demonstrate initial compliance and establish your operating limits based on these performance tests. These requirements could result in the need to conduct more than one performance test. Following each performance test and







#### SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

until the next performance test, you must comply with the operating limit for operating load conditions specified in Table 4 to this subpart.

- (d) You must conduct a minimum of three separate test runs for each performance test required in this section, as specified in § 63.7(e)(3). Each test run must comply with the minimum applicable sampling times or volumes specified in Tables 1 and 2 or 11 through 15 to this subpart.
- (e) To determine compliance with the emission limits, you must use the F-Factor methodology and equations in sections 12.2 and 12.3 of EPA Method 19 at 40 CFR part 60, appendix A–7 of this chapter to convert the measured particulate matter (PM) concentrations, the measured HCl concentrations, the measured mercury concentrations, and the measured TSM concentrations that result from the performance test to pounds per million Btu heat input emission rates.
- (f) Except for a 30-day rolling average based on CEMS (or sorbent trap monitoring system) data, if measurement results for any pollutant are reported as below the method detection level (e.g., laboratory analytical results for one or more sample components are below the method defined analytical detection level), you must use the method detection level as the measured emissions level for that pollutant in calculating compliance. The measured result for a multiple component analysis (e.g., analytical values for multiple Method 29 fractions both for individual HAP metals and for total HAP metals) may include a combination of method detection level data and analytical data reported above the method detection level.

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 004 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7535]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

How do I monitor and collect data to demonstrate continuous compliance?

- (a) You must monitor and collect data according to this section and the site-specific monitoring plan required by § 63.7505(d).
- (b) You must operate the monitoring system and collect data at all required intervals at all times that each boiler or process heater is operating and compliance is required, except for periods of monitoring system malfunctions or out of control periods (see §63.8(c)(7) of this part), and required monitoring system quality assurance or control activities, including, as applicable, calibration checks, required zero and span adjustments, and scheduled CMS maintenance as defined in your site-specific monitoring plan. A monitoring system malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring system to provide valid data. Monitoring system failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions. You are required to complete monitoring system repairs in response to monitoring system malfunctions or out-of-control periods and to return the monitoring system to operation as expeditiously as practicable.
- (c) You may not use data recorded during periods of startup and shutdown, monitoring system malfunctions or out-of-control periods, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions or out-of-control periods, or required monitoring system quality assurance or control activities in data averages and calculations used to report emissions or operating levels. You must record and make available upon request results of CMS performance audits and dates and duration of periods when the CMS is out of control to completion of the corrective actions necessary to return the CMS to operation consistent with your site-specific monitoring plan. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing compliance and the operation of the control device and associated control system.
- (d) Except for periods of monitoring system malfunctions, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions, and required monitoring system quality assurance or quality control activities (including, as applicable, system accuracy audits, calibration checks, and required zero and span adjustments), failure to collect required data is a deviation of the monitoring requirements. In calculating monitoring results, do not use any data collected during periods of startup and shutdown, when the monitoring system is out of control as specified in your site-specific monitoring plan, while conducting repairs associated with periods when the monitoring system is out of control, or while conducting required monitoring system quality assurance or quality control activities. You must calculate monitoring results using all other monitoring data collected while the process is operating. You must report all periods when the monitoring system is out of control in your semi-annual report.







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#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 005 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7555]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

### What records must I keep?

- (a) You must keep records according to paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) A copy of each notification and report that you submitted to comply with this subpart, including all documentation supporting any Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status or semiannual compliance report that you submitted, according to the requirements in § 63.10(b)(2)(xiv).
- (2) Records of performance tests, fuel analyses, or other compliance demonstrations and performance evaluations as required in § 63.10(b)(2)(viii).
  - (3) Not applicable
- (b)-(g) Not applicable
- (h) If you operate a unit in the unit designed to burn gas 1 subcategory that is subject to this subpart, and you use an alternative fuel other than natural gas, refinery gas, gaseous fuel subject to another subpart under this part, other gas 1 fuel, or gaseous fuel subject to another subpart of this part or part 60, 61, or 65, you must keep records of the total hours per calendar year that alternative fuel is burned and the total hours per calendar year that the unit operated during periods of gas curtailment or gas supply emergencies.

### # 006 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7560]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

In what form and how long must I keep my records?

- (a) Your records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review, according to § 63.10(b)(1).
- (b) As specified in § 63.10(b)(1), you must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record.
- (c) You must keep each record on site, or they must be accessible from on site (for example, through a computer network), for at least 2 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to § 63.10(b)(1). You can keep the records off site for the remaining 3 years.

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

### # 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Table 9 to Subpart DDDDD states:

As stated in §63.7550, you must comply with the following requirements for reports:

You must submit a 1. Compliance report. The report must contain a. Information required in §63.7550(c)(1) through (5); and you must submit the report [...] every 5 years according to the requirements in §63.7550(b).

#### # 008 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7530]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

How do I demonstrate initial compliance with the emission limitations, fuel specifications and work practice standards?

(a)-(d) Not applicable

(e) You must include with the Notification of Compliance Status a signed certification that either the energy assessment was completed according to Table 3 to this subpart, and that the assessment is an accurate depiction of your facility at the time of the assessment, or that the maximum number of on-site technical hours specified in the definition of energy assessment







#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

applicable to the facility has been expended.

(f) You must submit the Notification of Compliance Status containing the results of the initial compliance demonstration according to the requirements in § 63.7545(e).

#### (g)-(i) Not applicable

#### # 009 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7545]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

#### What notifications must I submit and when?

- (a) You must submit to the Administrator all of the notifications in §§ 63.7(b) and (c), 63.8(e), (f)(4) and (6), and 63.9(b) through (h) that apply to you by the dates specified.
- (b) Not applicable
- (c) As specified in § 63.9(b)(4) and (5), if you startup your new or reconstructed affected source on or after January 31, 2013, you must submit an Initial Notification not later than 15 days after the actual date of startup of the affected source. For a new or reconstructed affected source that has reclassified to major source status, you must submit an Initial Notification not later 120 days after the source becomes subject to this subpart.
- (d) If you are required to conduct a performance test you must submit a Notification of Intent to conduct a performance test at least 60 days before the performance test is scheduled to begin.
- (e) Not applicable
- (f) If you operate a unit designed to burn natural gas, refinery gas, or other gas 1 fuels that is subject to this subpart, and you intend to use a fuel other than natural gas, refinery gas, gaseous fuel subject to another subpart of this part, part 60, 61, or 65, or other gas 1 fuel to fire the affected unit during a period of natural gas curtailment or supply interruption, as defined in § 63.7575, you must submit a notification of alternative fuel use within 48 hours of the declaration of each period of natural gas curtailment or supply interruption, as defined in § 63.7575. The notification must include the information specified in paragraphs (f)(1) through (5) of this section.
  - (1) Company name and address.
  - (2) Identification of the affected unit.
- (3) Reason you are unable to use natural gas or equivalent fuel, including the date when the natural gas curtailment was declared or the natural gas supply interruption began.
  - (4) Type of alternative fuel that you intend to use.
  - (5) Dates when the alternative fuel use is expected to begin and end.

#### (g) Not applicable

- (h) If you have switched fuels or made a physical change to the boiler or process heater and the fuel switch or physical change resulted in the applicability of a different subcategory, you must provide notice of the date upon which you switched fuels or made the physical change within 30 days of the switch/change. The notification must identify:
- (1) The name of the owner or operator of the affected source, as defined in § 63.7490, the location of the source, the boiler(s) and process heater(s) that have switched fuels, were physically changed, and the date of the notice.
  - (2) The currently applicable subcategory under this subpart.
  - (3) The date upon which the fuel switch or physical change occurred.

#### [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7550]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

#### What reports must I submit and when?

- (a) You must submit each report in Table 9 to this subpart that applies to you.
- (b) Unless the EPA Administrator has approved a different schedule for submission of reports under § 63.10(a), you must





### SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

submit each report, according to paragraph (h) of this section, by the date in Table 9 to this subpart and according to the requirements in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section. For units that are subject only to a requirement to conduct subsequent annual, biennial, or 5-year tune-up according to § 63.7540(a)(10), (11), or (12), respectively, and not subject to emission limits or Table 4 operating limits, you may submit only an annual, biennial, or 5-year compliance report, as applicable, as specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section, instead of a semi-annual compliance report.

- (1) [...] If submitting an annual, biennial, or 5-year compliance report, the first compliance report must cover the period beginning on the compliance date that is specified for each boiler or process heater in § 63.7495 and ending on December 31 within 1, 2, or 5 years, as applicable, after the compliance date that is specified for your source in § 63.7495.
  - (2) [...] The first annual, biennial, or 5-year compliance report must be postmarked or submitted no later than January 31.
- (3) [...] Annual, biennial, and 5-year compliance reports must cover the applicable 1-, 2-, or 5-year periods from January 1 to December 31.
  - (4) [...] Annual, biennial, and 5-year compliance reports must be postmarked or submitted no later than January 31.
  - (5) Not applicable
- (c) A compliance report must contain the following information depending on how the facility chooses to comply with the limits set in this rule.
- (1) If the facility is subject to the requirements of a tune up you must submit a compliance report with the information in paragraphs (c)(5)(i) through (iii) of this section, (xiv) and (xvii) of this section, and paragraph (c)(5)(iv) of this section for limited-use boiler or process heater.
- (2) If you are complying with the fuel analysis you must submit a compliance report with the information in paragraphs (c)(5)(i) through (iii), (vi), (xi), (xiii), (xv), (xiii), (xviii) and paragraph (d) of this section.
  - (3)-(4) Not applicable
  - (5)
    - (i) Company and Facility name and address.
    - (ii) Process unit information, emissions limitations, and operating parameter limitations.
    - (iii) Date of report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.
    - (iv) The total operating time during the reporting period.
    - (v) Not applicable
- (vi) The total fuel use by each individual boiler or process heater subject to an emission limit within the reporting period, including, but not limited to, a description of the fuel, whether the fuel has received a non-waste determination by the EPA or your basis for concluding that the fuel is not a waste, and the total fuel usage amount with units of measure. (vii)-(ix) Not applicable
- (x) A summary of any monthly fuel analyses conducted to demonstrate compliance according to §§ 63.7521 and 63.7530 for individual boilers or process heaters subject to emission limits, and any fuel specification analyses conducted according to §§ 63.7521(f) and 63.7530(g).
- (xi) If there are no deviations from any emission limits or operating limits in this subpart that apply to you, a statement that there were no deviations from the emission limits or operating limits during the reporting period.
  - (xii) Not applicable
- (xiii) If a malfunction occurred during the reporting period, the report must include the number, duration, and a brief description for each type of malfunction which occurred during the reporting period and which caused or may have caused any applicable emission limitation to be exceeded. The report must also include a description of actions taken by you during a malfunction of a boiler, process heater, or associated air pollution control device or CMS to minimize emissions in accordance with § 63.7500(a)(3), including actions taken to correct the malfunction.
- (xiv) Include the date of the most recent tune-up for each unit subject to only the requirement to conduct an annual, biennial, or 5-year tune-up according to § 63.7540(a)(10), (11), or (12) respectively. Include the date of the most recent burner inspection if it was not done annually, biennially, or on a 5-year period and was delayed until the next scheduled or unscheduled unit shutdown.
  - (xv)-(xvi) Not applicable
- (xvii) Statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report.
- (xviii) For each instance of startup or shutdown include the information required to be monitored, collected, or recorded according to the requirements of § 63.7555(d).







#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 011 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Table 3 to Subpart DDDDD states:

As stated in §63.7500, you must comply with the following applicable work practice standards:

If your unit is 1. A new or existing boiler or process heater with a heat input capacity of less than or equal to 5 million Btu per hour in any of the following subcategories: unit designed to burn gas 1, you must meet the following:

Conduct a tune-up of the boiler or process heater every 5 years as specified in §63.7540.

#### # 012 [25 Pa. Code §129.112]

#### Presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule

A boiler or other combustion source with a rated heat input less than 20 million Btu/hr located at a major NOx emitting facility or major VOC emitting facility and is subject to § 129.111 shall install, maintain, and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specification with good operating practices. [25 Pa. Code §129.112(c)(4)]

#### # 013 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7500]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

#### What emission limits, work practice standards, and operating limits must I meet?

- (a) You must meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) through (3) of this section, except as provided in paragraphs (b) through (e) of this section. You must meet these requirements at all times the affected unit is operating, except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section.
- (1) You must meet each emission limit and work practice standard in Tables 1 through 3 and 11 through 15 to this subpart that applies to your boiler or process heater, for each boiler or process heater at your source, except as provided under §63.7522. [...] If you operate a new boiler or process heater, you can choose to comply with alternative limits as discussed in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) through (iv) of this section, but on or after October 6, 2025, you must comply with the emission limits in Table 1 to this subpart. [...]
  - (i)-(iii) Not applicable
- (iv) If you operate a new boiler or process heater, you must comply with either the emission limits in Table 1 to this subpart or the emission limits in Table 14 to this subpart until you must comply with the emission limits in Table 1.
  - (v) Not applicable
  - (2) Not applicable
- (3) At all times, you must operate and maintain any affected source (as defined in § 63.7490), including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator that may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source. (b) As provided in § 63.6(g), EPA may approve use of an alternative to the work practice standards in this section.

#### (c)(d) Not applicable

- (e) Boilers and process heaters in the units designed to burn gas 1 fuels subcategory with a heat input capacity of less than or equal to 5 million Btu per hour must complete a tune-up every 5 years as specified in § 63.7540. [...] Boilers and process heaters in the units designed to burn gas 1 fuels subcategory are not subject to the emission limits in Tables 1 and 2 or Tables 11 through 15 to this subpart, or the operating limits in Table 4 to this subpart.
- (f) These standards apply at all times the affected unit is operating, except during periods of startup and shutdown during which time you must comply only with items 5 and 6 of Table 3 to this subpart.

#### #014 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7515]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

When must I conduct subsequent performance tests or fuel analyses, or tune-ups?

(a) You must conduct all applicable performance tests according to § 63.7520 on an annual basis, except as specified in





#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

paragraphs (b) through (e), (g), and (h) of this section. Annual performance tests must be completed no more than 13 months after the previous performance test, except as specified in paragraphs (b) through (e), (g), and (h) of this section.

### (b)-(c) Not applicable

(d) If you are required to meet an applicable tune-up work practice standard, you must conduct an annual, biennial, or 5-year performance tune-up according to § 63.7540(a)(10), (11), or (12), respectively. Each annual tune-up specified in § 63.7540(a)(10) must be no more than 13 months after the previous tune-up. Each biennial tune-up specified in § 63.7540(a)(11) must be conducted no more than 25 months after the previous tune-up. Each 5-year tune-up specified in § 63.7540(a)(12) must be conducted no more than 61 months after the previous tune-up. For a new or reconstructed affected source (as defined in § 63.7490), the first annual, biennial, or 5-year tune-up must be no later than 13 months, 25 months, or 61 months, respectively, after April 1, 2013 or the initial startup of the new or reconstructed affected source, whichever is later.

#### (e) Not applicable

(f) You must report the results of performance tests and the associated fuel analyses within 60 days after the completion of the performance tests. This report must also verify that the operating limits for each boiler or process heater have not changed or provide documentation of revised operating limits established according to § 63.7530 and Table 7 to this subpart, as applicable. The reports for all subsequent performance tests must include all applicable information required in § 63.7550.

#### (g)-(i) Not applicable

#### # 015 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7540]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations, fuel specifications and work practice standards?

- (a) You must demonstrate continuous compliance with [...] the work practice standards in Table 3 to this subpart [...] according to the methods specified in Table 8 to this subpart and paragraphs (a)(1) through (19) of this section.
  - (1) Not applicable
- (2) As specified in § 63.7555(d), you must keep records of the type and amount of all fuels burned in each boiler or process heater during the reporting period to demonstrate that all fuel types and mixtures of fuels burned would result in either of the following:
- (i) Equal to or lower emissions of HCl, mercury, and TSM than the applicable emission limit for each pollutant, if you demonstrate compliance through fuel analysis.
- (ii) Equal to or lower fuel input of chlorine, mercury, and TSM than the maximum values calculated during the last performance test, if you demonstrate compliance through performance testing.
  - (3)-(9) Not applicable
- (10) If your boiler or process heater has a heat input capacity of 10 million Btu per hour or greater, you must conduct an annual tune-up of the boiler or process heater to demonstrate continuous compliance as specified in paragraphs (a)(10)(i) through (vi) of this section. You must conduct the tune-up while burning the type of fuel (or fuels in case of units that routinely burn a mixture) that provided the majority of the heat input to the boiler or process heater over the 12 months prior to the tune-up. This frequency does not apply to limited-use boilers and process heaters, as defined in § 63.7575, or units with continuous oxygen trim systems that maintain an optimum air to fuel ratio.
- (i) As applicable, inspect the burner, and clean or replace any components of the burner as necessary (you may perform the burner inspection any time prior to the tune-up or delay the burner inspection until the next scheduled unit shutdown). Units that produce electricity for sale may delay the burner inspection until the first outage, not to exceed 36 months from the previous inspection. At units where entry into a piece of process equipment or into a storage vessel is required to complete the tune-up inspections, inspections are required only during planned entries into the storage vessel or process equipment;
- (ii) Inspect the flame pattern, as applicable, and adjust the burner as necessary to optimize the flame pattern. The adjustment should be consistent with the manufacturer's specifications, if available;
- (iii) Inspect the system controlling the air-to-fuel ratio, as applicable, and ensure that it is correctly calibrated and functioning properly (you may delay the inspection until the next scheduled unit shutdown). Units that produce electricity for







### SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

sale may delay the inspection until the first outage, not to exceed 36 months from the previous inspection;

- (iv) Optimize total emissions of CO. This optimization should be consistent with the manufacturer's specifications, if available, and with any NOX requirement to which the unit is subject;
- (v) Measure the concentrations in the effluent stream of CO in parts per million, by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, before and after the adjustments are made (measurements may be either on a dry or wet basis, as long as it is the same basis before and after the adjustments are made). Measurements may be taken using a portable CO analyzer; and
- (vi) Maintain on-site and submit, if requested by the Administrator, a report containing the information in paragraphs (a)(10)(vi)(A) through (C) of this section,
- (A) The concentrations of CO in the effluent stream in parts per million by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, measured at high fire or typical operating load, before and after the tune-up of the boiler or process heater;
  - (B) A description of any corrective actions taken as a part of the tune-up; and
- (C) The type and amount of fuel used over the 12 months prior to the tune-up, but only if the unit was physically and legally capable of using more than one type of fuel during that period. Units sharing a fuel meter may estimate the fuel used by each unit.
  - (11) Not applicable
- (12) If your boiler or process heater has [...] a heat input capacity of less than or equal to 5 million Btu per hour and the unit is in the units designed to burn gas 1 [...] you must conduct a tune-up of the boiler or process heater every 5 years as specified in paragraphs (a)(10)(i) through (vi) of this section to demonstrate continuous compliance. You may delay the burner inspection specified in paragraph (a)(10)(i) of this section until the next scheduled or unscheduled unit shutdown, but you must inspect each burner at least once every 72 months. [...]
- (13) If the unit is not operating on the required date for a tune-up, the tune-up must be conducted within 30 calendar days of startup.
  - (14)-(19) Not applicable
- (b) You must report each instance in which you did not meet each emission limit and operating limit in Tables 1 through 4 or 11 through 15 to this subpart that apply to you. These instances are deviations from the emission limits or operating limits, respectively, in this subpart. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in § 63.7550.
- (c) Not applicable
- (d) For startup and shutdown, you must meet the work practice standards according to items 5 and 6 of Table 3 of this subpart.

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 016 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7485]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

#### Am I subject to this subpart?

You are subject to this subpart if you own or operate an industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler or process heater as defined in § 63.7575 that is located at, or is part of, a major source of HAP [...]

#### # 017 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7490]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

#### What is the affected source of this subpart?

- (a) This subpart applies to new, reconstructed, and existing affected sources as described in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section.
  - (1) Not applicable
- (2) The affected source of this subpart is each new or reconstructed industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler or process heater, as defined in § 63.7575, located at a major source.
- (b) A boiler or process heater is new if you commence construction of the boiler or process heater after June 4, 2010, and you meet the applicability criteria at the time you commence construction.
- (c)-(e) Not applicable





#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

#### # 018 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7495]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

### When do I have to comply with this subpart?

- (a) If you have a new or reconstructed boiler or process heater, you must comply with this subpart by April 1, 2013, or upon startup of your boiler or process heater, whichever is later.
- (b)-(c) Not applicable
- (d) You must meet the notification requirements in §63.7545 according to the schedule in §63.7545 and in subpart A of this part. Some of the notifications must be submitted before you are required to comply with the emission limits and work practice standards in this subpart.

#### (e)-(i) Not applicable

#### # 019 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7499]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

#### What are the subcategories of boilers and process heaters?

The subcategories of boilers and process heaters, as defined in § 63.7575 are:

- (a)-(k) Not applicable
- (I) Units designed to burn gas 1 fuels.

### (m)-(u) Not applicable

#### # 020 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7565]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 10 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in §§ 63.1 through 63.15 apply to you.

#### # 021 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7570]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

#### Who implements and enforces this subpart?

- (a) This subpart can be implemented and enforced by the EPA, or an Administrator such as your state, local, or tribal agency. If the EPA Administrator has delegated authority to your state, local, or tribal agency, then that agency (as well as the EPA) has the authority to implement and enforce this subpart. You should contact your EPA Regional Office to find out if this subpart is delegated to your state, local, or tribal agency.
- (b) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority of this subpart to a state, local, or tribal agency under 40 CFR part 63, subpart E, the authorities listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (4) of this section are retained by the EPA Administrator and are not transferred to the state, local, or tribal agency, however, the EPA retains oversight of this subpart and can take enforcement actions, as appropriate.
- (1) Approval of alternatives to the emission limits and work practice standards in § 63.7500(a) and (b) under § 63.6(g), except as specified in § 63.7555(d)(13).
- (2) Approval of major change to test methods in Table 5 to this subpart under § 63.7(e)(2)(ii) and (f) and as defined in § 63.90, and alternative analytical methods requested under § 63.7521(b)(2).
- (3) Approval of major change to monitoring under § 63.8(f) and as defined in § 63.90, and approval of alternative operating parameters under §§ 63.7500(a)(2) and 63.7522(g)(2).
  - (4) Approval of major change to recordkeeping and reporting under § 63.10(e) and as defined in § 63.90.







### **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

# 022 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.7575]

Subpart DDDDD - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters.

What definitions apply to this subpart?

Terms used in this subpart are defined in the Clean Air Act, in §63.2 (the General Provisions), and in this section.

\*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*







Source ID: 101 Source Name: 6350 BHP, COOPER BESSEMER 14W-330 ENG 1 (NG, SI, 2SLB)

Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A Natural Gas

N/A Natural Gas

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: G01



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





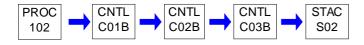


Source ID: 102 Source Name: 6350 BHP, COOPER BESSEMER 14W-330 ENG 2 (NG, SI, 2SLB)

Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A Natural Gas

N/A Natural Gas

Conditions for this source occur in the following groups: G01



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements) and/or Section E (Source Group Restrictions).

## \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*







Source ID: 110 Source Name: PRODUCED FLUIDS STORAGE TANKS

Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §129.57]

#### Storage tanks less than or equal to 40,000 gallons capacity containing VOCs

The provisions of this section apply to above ground stationary storage tanks with a capacity equal to or greater than 2,000 gallons which contain volatile organic compounds with vapor pressure greater than 1.5 psia (10.5 kilopascals) under actual storage conditions. Storage tanks covered under this section shall have pressure relief valves which are maintained in good operating condition and which are set to release at no less than .7 psig (4.8 kilopascals) of pressure or .3 psig (2.1 kilopascals) of vacuum or the highest possible pressure and vacuum in accordance with state or local fire codes or the National Fire Prevention Association guidelines or other national consensus standards acceptable to the Department. Section 129.56(g) (relating to storage tanks greater than 40,000 gallons capacity containing VOCs) applies to this section. Petroleum liquid storage vessels which are used to store produced crude oil and condensate prior to lease custody transfer shall be exempt from the requirements of this section.

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*



# 65-00840



## **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 112 Source Name: 2 NG COMPRESSORS #1 AND #2 (DRIVEN BY SOURCE IDS 101 & 102)

Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A NG COMPRESSED

PROC STAC Z112

## I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 001 [25 Pa. Code §129.112]

Presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule

A VOC air contamination source located at a major VOC emitting facility that has the potential to emit less than 2.7 TPY of VOC and is subject to 129.111 shall install, maintain, and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specification with good operating practices. [25 Pa. Code §129.112(c)(2)]

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*







Source ID: 113 Source Name: 2 NG COMPRESSORS #3 AND #4 (DRIVEN BY 5,750-BHP ELEC MOTORS)

> Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A NG COMPRESSED

**PROC STAC** Z113 113

## RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### MONITORING REQUIREMENTS. III.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS. VI.

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §129.112]

Presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule

A VOC air contamination source located at a major VOC emitting facility that has the potential to emit less than 2.7 TPY of VOC and is subject to 129.111 shall install, maintain, and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specification with good operating practices. [25 Pa. Code §129.112(c)(2)]

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

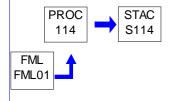
## \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*





Source ID: 114 Source Name: 1,114 HP CATERPILLAR G3512 EMERGENCY GENERATOR)

Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A Natural Gas



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

## **Emission Restriction(s).**

# 001 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60 Subpart JJJJ Table 1] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines Table 1 to Subpart JJJJ of Part 60.--

[from Table 1 to Subpart JJJJ of Part 60]

Emergency Engines greater than 130 hp emission standards:

NOx 2.0 g/hp-hr; 160 ppmvd at 15% O2. CO 4.0 g/hp-hr; 540 ppmvd at 15% O2 VOC 1.0 g/hp-hr; 86 ppmvd at 15% O2

note a: Owners and operators of stationary non-certified SI engines may choose to comply with the emission standards in units of either g/HP-hr or ppmvd at 15 percent O2.

note d: For the purposes of the subpart, when calculating emissions of volatile organic compounds, emissions of formaldehyde should not be included.

# 002 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4233]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What emission standards must I meet if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (a) N/A
- (b) N/A
- (c) N/A
- (d) N/A
- (e) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 75 KW (100 HP) (except gasoline and rich burn engines that use LPG) must comply with the emission standards in Table 1 to this subpart for their stationary SI ICE. For owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 100 HP (except gasoline and rich burn engines that use LPG) manufactured prior to January 1, 2011 that were certified to the certification emission standards in 40 CFR part 1048 applicable to engines that are not severe duty engines, if such stationary SI ICE was certified to a carbon monoxide (CO) standard above the standard in Table 1 to this subpart, then the owners and operators may meet the CO certification (not field testing) standard for which the engine was certified.
- (f) N/A
- (g) N/A
- (h) N/A



# 003 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4234]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
How long must I meet the emission standards if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine

Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE must operate and maintain stationary SI ICE that achieve the emission standards as required in §60.4233 over the entire life of the engine.

# 004 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4236] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What is the deadline for importing or installing stationary SI ICE produced in the previous model year?

(a)-(b) Not applicable

(c) For emergency stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power of greater than 19 KW (25 HP), owners and operators may not install engines that do not meet the applicable requirements in §60.4233 after January 1, 2011.

(d)-(e) Not applicable

# 005 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4243]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (a) Not applicable
- (b) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine and must comply with the emission standards specified in §60.4233(d) or (e), you must demonstrate compliance according to one of the methods specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (1) Purchasing an engine certified according to procedures specified in this subpart, for the same model year and demonstrating compliance according to one of the methods specified in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (2) Purchasing a non-certified engine and demonstrating compliance with the emission standards specified in §60.4233(d) or (e) and according to the requirements specified in §60.4244, as applicable, and according to paragraphs (b)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section.
  - (i) N/A
- (ii) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine greater than 500 HP, you must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. In addition, you must conduct an initial performance test and conduct subsequent performance testing every 8,760 hours or 3 years, whichever comes first, thereafter to demonstrate compliance.
- (c) Not applicable
- (d) If you own or operate an emergency stationary ICE, you must operate the emergency stationary ICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section. In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary ICE under this subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3), is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
  - (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
- (2) You may operate your emergency stationary ICE for the purpose specified in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this section for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraph (d)(3) of this section counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph (d)(2).
- (i) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.

(ii)-(iii) [Reserved]



## 65-00840



#### SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

- (3) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing provided in paragraph (d)(2) of this section. Except as provided in paragraph (d)(3)(i) of this section, the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another
- (i) The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used to supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if all of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The engine is dispatched by the local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator;
- (B) The dispatch is intended to mitigate local transmission and/or distribution limitations so as to avert potential voltage collapse or line overloads that could lead to the interruption of power supply in a local area or region.
- (C) The dispatch follows reliability, emergency operation or similar protocols that follow specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines.
  - (D) The power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local transmission and distribution system.
- (E) The owner or operator identifies and records the entity that dispatches the engine and the specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines that are being followed for dispatching the engine. The local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator may keep these records on behalf of the engine owner or operator.
  - (ii) [Reserved]
- (e) Owners and operators of stationary SI natural gas fired engines may operate their engines using propane for a maximum of 100 hours per year as an alternative fuel solely during emergency operations, but must keep records of such use. If propane is used for more than 100 hours per year in an engine that is not certified to the emission standards when using propane, the owners and operators are required to conduct a performance test to demonstrate compliance with the emission standards of §60.4233.

## (f)-(h) Not applicable

[40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4244] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What test methods and other procedures must I use if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion

Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE who conduct performance tests must follow the procedures in paragraphs (a) through (f) of this section.

- (a) Each performance test must be conducted within 10 percent of 100 percent peak (or the highest achievable) load and according to the requirements in §60.8 and under the specific conditions that are specified by Table 2 to this subpart.
- (b) You may not conduct performance tests during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction, as specified in §60.8(c). If your stationary SI internal combustion engine is non-operational, you do not need to startup the engine solely to conduct a performance test; however, you must conduct the performance test immediately upon startup of the engine.
- (c) You must conduct three separate test runs for each performance test required in this section, as specified in §60.8(f). Each test run must be conducted within 10 percent of 100 percent peak (or the highest achievable) load and last at least 1 hour.
- (d) To determine compliance with the NOX mass per unit output emission limitation, convert the concentration of NOX in the engine exhaust using Equation 1 of this section:

(Formula omitted...refer to regulation for exact formula notation).

Image: "Equation 1"

Where:

ER = Emission rate of NOX in g/HP-hr.

Cd = Measured NOX concentration in parts per million by volume (ppmv).





1.912 x 10-3 = Conversion constant for ppm NOX to grams per standard cubic meter at 20 degrees Celsius.

Q = Stack gas volumetric flow rate, in standard cubic meter per hour, dry basis.

T = Time of test run, in hours.

HP-hr = Brake work of the engine, horsepower-hour (HP-hr).

(e) To determine compliance with the CO mass per unit output emission limitation, convert the concentration of CO in the engine exhaust using Equation 2 of this section:

(Formula omitted...refer to regulation for exact formula notation).

Image: "Equation 2"

Where:

ER = Emission rate of CO in g/HP-hr.

Cd = Measured CO concentration in ppmv.

1.164 x 10-3 = Conversion constant for ppm CO to grams per standard cubic meter at 20 degrees Celsius.

Q = Stack gas volumetric flow rate, in standard cubic meters per hour, dry basis.

T = Time of test run, in hours.

HP-hr = Brake work of the engine, in HP-hr.

(f) For purposes of this subpart, when calculating emissions of VOC, emissions of formaldehyde should not be included. To determine compliance with the VOC mass per unit output emission limitation, convert the concentration of VOC in the engine exhaust using Equation 3 of this section:

(Formula omitted...refer to regulation for exact formula notation).

Image: "Equation 3"

Where:

ER = Emission rate of VOC in g/HP-hr.

Cd = VOC concentration measured as propane in ppmv.

 $1.833 \times 10-3 =$  Conversion constant for ppm VOC measured as propane, to grams per standard cubic meter at 20 degrees Celsius.

 $\label{eq:Q} Q = Stack\ gas\ volumetric\ flow\ rate,\ in\ standard\ cubic\ meters\ per\ hour,\ dry\ basis.$ 

T = Time of test run, in hours.

HP-hr = Brake work of the engine, in HP- hr.

(g) If the owner/operator chooses to measure VOC emissions using either Method 18 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, or Method 320 of 40 CFR part 63, appendix A, then it has the option of correcting the measured VOC emissions to account for the potential differences in measured values between these methods and Method 25A. The results from Method 18 and Method 320 can be corrected for response factor differences using Equations 4 and 5 of this section. The corrected VOC concentration can then be placed on a propane basis using Equation 6 of this section.

(Formula omitted...refer to regulation for exact formula notation).

"Equation 4"

Where:

RFi = Response factor of compound i when measured with EPA Method 25A.

CMi = Measured concentration of compound i in ppmv as carbon.

CAi = True concentration of compound i in ppmv as carbon.

(Formula omitted...refer to regulation for exact formula notation).

"Equation 5"







Where:

C icorr = Concentration of compound i corrected to the value that would have been measured by EPA Method 25A, ppmv as carbon.

C imeas = Concentration of compound i measured by EPA Method 320, ppmv as carbon.

(Formula omitted...refer to regulation for exact formula notation).

"Equation 6"

Where:

CPeq = Concentration of compound i in mg of propane equivalent per DSCM.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 007 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4245]
Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines
What are my notification, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine?

- (a) Owners and operators of all stationary SI ICE must keep records of the information in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section.
- (1) All notifications submitted to comply with this subpart and all documentation supporting any notification.
- (2) Maintenance conducted on the engine.
- (3) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is a certified engine, documentation from the manufacturer that the engine is certified to meet the emission standards and information as required in 40 CFR parts 1048, 1054, and 1060, as applicable.
- (4) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is not a certified engine or is a certified engine operating in a non-certified manner and subject to § 60.4243(a)(2), documentation that the engine meets the emission standards.

(b)-(d)

- (e) If you own or operate an emergency stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine power more than 100 HP that operates for the purpose specified in § 60.4243(d)(3)(i), you must submit an annual report according to the requirements in paragraphs (e)(1) through (3) of this section.
- (1) The report must contain the following information:
- (i) Company name and address where the engine is located.
- (ii) Date of the report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.
- (iii) Engine site rating and model year.
- (iv) Latitude and longitude of the engine in decimal degrees reported to the fifth decimal place.
- (v)-(vi) [Reserved]
- (vii) Hours spent for operation for the purposes specified in  $\S$  60.4243(d)(3)(i), including the date, start time, and end time for engine operation for the purposes specified in  $\S$  60.4243(d)(3)(i). The report must also identify the entity that dispatched the engine and the situation that necessitated the dispatch of the engine.
- (2) Not applicable
- (3) The annual report must be submitted electronically using the subpart specific reporting form in the Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI) that is accessed through EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX)







(www.epa.gov/cdx). However, if the reporting form specific to this subpart is not available in CEDRI at the time that the report is due, the written report must be submitted to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in § 60.4.

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

65-00840

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 008 [25 Pa. Code §129.112]

Presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule

An emergency standby engine operating less than 500 hours in a 12-month rolling period located at a major NOx emitting facility or major VOC emitting facility and is subject to 129.111 shall install, maintain, and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specification with good operating practices. [25 Pa. Code §129.112(c)(10)]

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

# 009 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4230] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines Am I subject to this subpart?

[Subpart JJJJ added and reserved at 71 FR 38497, July 6, 2006; text added at 73 FR 3591, Jan. 18, 2008]

- (a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to manufacturers, owners, and operators of stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engines (ICE) as specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (5) of this section. For the purposes of this subpart, the date that construction commences is the date the engine is ordered by the owner or operator.
- (1)-(3) Not applicable
- (4) Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE that commence construction after June 12, 2006, where the stationary SI ICE are manufactured:
  - (i)-(iii) Not applicable
  - (iv) on or after January 1, 2009, for emergency engines with a maximum engine power greater than 19 KW (25 HP).
- (5) N/A

## (b)-(f) Not applicable

# 010 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4246] Subpart JJJJ - Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

- (a) Table 3 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions in § §60.1 through 60.19 apply to you.
- (b) Not applicable

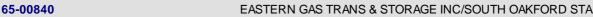
## [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6590]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal **Combustion Engines** 

What parts of my plant does this subpart cover?

- (a) Affected source. An affected source is any existing, new, or reconstructed stationary RICE located at a major or area source of HAP emissions, excluding stationary RICE being tested at a stationary RICE test cell/stand.
- (1) Not applicable
- (2) New stationary RICE.
- (i) A stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions is new if you commenced construction of the stationary RICE on or after December 19, 2002.
  - (ii)-(iii) Not applicable
- (3) Not applicable







- (b) An affected source which meets either of the criteria in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) through (ii) of this section does not have to meet the requirements of this subpart and of subpart A of this part except for the initial notification requirements of § 63.6645(f).
- (i) The stationary RICE is a new or reconstructed emergency stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions.
  - (ii) Not applicable
- (c) Not applicable

[69 FR 33506, June 15, 2004, as amended at 73 FR 3604, Jan. 18, 2008; 75 FR 9674, Mar. 3, 2010; 75 FR 37733, June 30, 2010; 75 FR 51588, Aug. 20, 2010; 78 FR 6700, Jan. 30, 2013; 87 FR 48607, Aug. 10, 2022]

#### [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6645] # 012

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal **Combustion Engines** 

What notifications must I submit and when?

- (a)-(e) Not applicable
- (f) If you are required to submit an Initial Notification but are otherwise not affected by the requirements of this subpart, in accordance with § 63.6590(b), your notification should include the information in § 63.9(b)(2)(i) through (v), and a statement that your stationary RICE has no additional requirements and explain the basis of the exclusion (for example, that it operates exclusively as an emergency stationary RICE if it has a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions).

(g)-(i)

\*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*



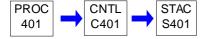
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## **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 401 Source Name: GLYCOL DEHYDRATOR UNIT

Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A



#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

## **Emission Restriction(s).**

## # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Visible air emissions shall not exceed 10% opacity in any three-minute period in any hour and shall not exceed 30% at any time.

## # 002 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1275]

Subpart HHH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities

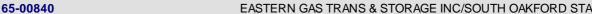
Glycol dehydration unit process vent standards.

- (a) This condition applies to each glycol dehydration unit subject to this subpart that must be controlled for air emissions as specified in paragraph (c)(1) of 40 CFR § 63.1274.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this condition, an owner or operator of a glycol dehydration unit process vent shall comply with the requirements specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this condition.
- (1) For each glycol dehydration unit process vent, the owner or operator shall control air emissions by either paragraph (b)(1)(i) or (iii) of this condition.
- (i) The owner or operator of a large glycol dehydration unit, as defined in 40 CFR § 63.1271, shall connect the process vent to a control device or a combination of control devices through a closed-vent system. The closed-vent system shall be designed and operated in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR § 63.1281(c). The control device(s) shall be designed and operated in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR § 63.1281(d).
- (ii) The owner or operator of a large glycol dehydration unit shall connect the process vent to a control device or a combination of control devices through a closed-vent system and the outlet benzene emissions from the control device(s) shall be less than 0.90 megagrams per year. The closed-vent system shall be designed and operated in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1281(c). The control device(s) shall be designed and operated in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1281(d), except that the performance requirements specified in § 63.1281(d)(1)(i) and (ii) do not apply.
- (iii) You must limit BTEX emissions from each existing small glycol dehydration unit, as defined in § 63.1271, to the limit determined in Equation 1 of this section. You must limit BTEX emissions from each new small glycol dehydration unit process vent, as defined in § 63.1271, to the limit determined in Equation 2 of this section. The limits determined using Equation 1 or Equation 2, of this section, must be met in accordance with one of the alternatives specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(iii)(A) through (D) of this section.

[Emissions calculations are available in 40 CFR 63.1275]

- (A) Connect the process vent to a control device or combination of control devices through a closed-vent system. The closed vent system shall be designed and operated in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1281(c). The control device(s) shall be designed and operated in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1281(f).
- (B) Meet the emissions limit through process modifications in accordance with the requirements specified in § 63.1281(e).
- (C) Meet the emission limit for each small glycol dehydration unit using a combination of process modifications and one or more control devices through the requirements specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(iii)(A) and (B) of this section.
- (D) Demonstrate that the emissions limit is met through actual uncontrolled operation of the small glycol dehydration unit. Document operational parameters in accordance with the requirements specified in § 63.1281(e) and emissions in accordance with the requirements specified in § 63.1282(a)(3).
- (2) One or more safety devices that vent directly to the atmosphere may be used on the air emission control equipment installed to comply with paragraph (b)(1) of this section.







- (c) As an alternative to the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, the owner or operator may comply with one of the following:
  - (1) The owner or operator shall control air emissions by connecting the process vent to a process natural gas line.
- (2) The owner or operator shall demonstrate, to the Administrator's satisfaction, that the total HAP emissions to the atmosphere from the large glycol dehydration unit process vent are reduced by 95.0 percent through process modifications or a combination of process modifications and one or more control devices, in accordance with the requirements specified in § 63.1281(e).
- (3) Control of HAP emissions from a GCG separator (flash tank) vent is not required if the owner or operator demonstrates, to the Administrator's satisfaction, that total emissions to the atmosphere from the glycol dehydration unit process vent are reduced by one of the levels specified in paragraph (c)(3)(i) through (iv) through the installation and operation of controls as specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
  - (i) For any large glycol dehydration unit, HAP emissions are reduced by 95.0 percent or more.
  - (ii) For any large glycol dehydration unit, benzene emissions are reduced to a level less than 0.90 megagrams per year.
- (iii) For each existing small glycol dehydration unit, BTEX emissions are reduced to a level less than the limit calculated in Equation 1 of paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of this section.
- (iv) For each new small glycol dehydration unit, BTEX emissions are reduced to a level less than the limit calculated in Equation 2 of paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of this section.

#### [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1281]

Subpart HHH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage **Facilities** 

## Control equipment requirements.

- (a) This section applies to each closed-vent system and control device installed and operated by the owner or operator to control air emissions as required by the provisions of this subpart. Compliance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section will be determined by review of the records required by § 63.1284, the reports required by § 63.1285, by review of performance test results, and by inspections.
- (b) (e) Not applicable
- (f) Control device requirements for small glycol dehydration units.
- (1) The control device used to meet BTEX the emission limit calculated in 40 CFR§ 63.1275(b)(1)(iii) shall be one of the control devices specified in paragraphs (f)(1)(i) through (iii) of this section.
- (i) An enclosed combustion device (e.g., thermal vapor incinerator, catalytic vapor incinerator, boiler, or process heater) that is designed and operated to meet the levels specified in paragraphs (f)(1)(i)(A) or (B) of this section. If a boiler or process heater is used as the control device, then the vent stream shall be introduced into the flame zone of the boiler or process heater.
- (A) The mass content of BTEX in the gases vented to the device is reduced as determined in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1282(d).
- (B) The concentration of either TOC or total HAP in the exhaust gases at the outlet of the device is reduced to a level equal to or less than 20 parts per million by volume on a dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen as determined in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1282(e).
- (ii) A vapor recovery device (e.g., carbon adsorption system or condenser) or other non-destructive control device that is designed and operated to reduce the mass content of BTEX in the gases vented to the device as determined in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1282(d).
  - (iii) A flare, as defined in § 63.1271, that is designed and operated in accordance with the requirements of § 63.11(b).
- (2) The owner or operator shall operate each control device in accordance with the requirements specified in paragraphs (f)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section.
- (i) Each control device used to comply with this subpart shall be operating at all times. An owner or operator may vent more than one unit to a control device used to comply with this subpart.
- (ii) For each control device monitored in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1283(d), the owner or operator shall demonstrate compliance according to the requirements of either § 63.1282(e) or (h).
- (3) For each carbon adsorption system used as a control device to meet the requirements of paragraph (f)(1) of this section, the owner or operator shall manage the carbon as required under (d)(5)(i) and (ii) of this section.
- (g) (h) Not applicable



## # 004 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1282]

Subpart HHH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities

Test methods, compliance procedures, and compliance demonstrations.

- (a) Determination of glycol dehydration unit flowrate, benzene emissions, or BTEX emissions. The procedures of this paragraph shall be used by an owner or operator to determine glycol dehydration unit natural gas flowrate, benzene emissions, or BTEX emissions.
- (1) The determination of actual flowrate of natural gas to a glycol dehydration unit shall be made using the procedures of either paragraph (a)(1)(i) or (a)(1)(ii) of this section.
- (i) The owner or operator shall install and operate a monitoring instrument that directly measures natural gas flowrate to the glycol dehydration unit with an accuracy of plus or minus 2 percent or better. The owner or operator shall convert the annual natural gas flowrate to a daily average by dividing the annual flowrate by the number of days per year the glycol dehydration unit processed natural gas.
- (ii) The owner or operator shall document, to the Administrator's satisfaction, the actual annual average natural gas flowrate to the glycol dehydration unit.
- (2) The determination of actual average benzene or BTEX emissions from a glycol dehydration unit shall be made using the procedures of either paragraph (a)(2)(i) or (ii) of this section. Emissions shall be determined either uncontrolled or with federally enforceable controls in place.
- (i) The owner or operator shall determine actual average benzene or BTEX emissions using the model GRI-GLYCalcTM, Version 3.0 or higher, and the procedures presented in the associated GRI-GLYCalcTM Technical Reference Manual. Inputs to the model shall be representative of actual operating conditions of the glycol dehydration unit and may be determined using the procedures documented in the Gas Research Institute (GRI) report entitled "Atmospheric Rich/Lean Method for Determining Glycol Dehydrator Emissions" (GRI-95/0368.1); or
- (ii) The owner or operator shall determine an average mass rate of benzene or BTEX emissions in kilograms per hour through direct measurement by performing three runs of Method 18 in 40 CFR part 60, appendix A; or ASTM D6420-99 (Reapproved 2004) (incorporated by reference as specified in § 63.14), as specified in § 63.772(a)(1)(ii); or an equivalent method; and averaging the results of the three runs. Annual emissions in kilograms per year shall be determined by multiplying the mass rate by the number of hours the unit is operated per year. This result shall be converted to megagrams per year.
- (b) Not applicable
- (c) Test procedures and compliance demonstrations for small glycol dehydration units. This paragraph (c) applies to the test procedures for small dehydration units.

[Full condition text is available in 40 CFR 63.1282]

(d) Control device performance test procedures. This paragraph applies to the performance testing of control devices.

[Full condition text is available in 40 CFR 63.1282]

- (e) Compliance demonstration for control devices performance requirements. This paragraph applies to the demonstration of compliance with the control device performance requirements specified in § 63.1281(d)(1), (e)(3)(ii), and (f)(1). Compliance shall be demonstrated using the requirements in paragraphs (e)(1) through (3) of this section. As an alternative, an owner or operator that installs a condenser as the control device to achieve the requirements specified in § 63.1281(d)(1)(ii), (e)(3)(ii), or (f)(1) may demonstrate compliance according to paragraph (f) of this section. An owner or operator may switch between compliance with paragraph (e) of this section and compliance with paragraph (f) of this section only after at least 1 year of operation in compliance with the selected approach. Notification of such a change in the compliance method shall be reported in the next Periodic Report, as required in § 63.1285(e), following the change.
- (1) The owner or operator shall establish a site specific maximum or minimum monitoring parameter value (as appropriate) according to the requirements of § 63.1283(d)(5)(i).
- (2) The owner or operator shall calculate the daily average of the applicable monitored parameter in accordance with § 63.1283(d)(4) except that the inlet gas flowrate to the control device shall not be averaged.
- (3) Compliance is achieved when the daily average of the monitoring parameter value calculated under paragraph (e)(2) of this section is either equal to or greater than the minimum or equal to or less than the maximum monitoring value



established under paragraph (e)(1) of this section. For inlet gas flowrate, compliance with the operating parameter limit is achieved when the value is equal to or less than the value established under § 63.1282(g) or under the performance test conducted under § 63.1282(d), as applicable.

- (4) Except for periods of monitoring system malfunctions, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions, and required monitoring system quality assurance or quality control activities (including, as applicable, system accuracy audits and required zero and span adjustments), the CMS required in § 63.1283(d) must be operated at all times the affected source is operating. A monitoring system malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring system to provide valid data. Monitoring system failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions. Monitoring system repairs are required to be completed in response to monitoring system malfunctions and to return the monitoring system to operation as expeditiously as practicable.
- (5) Data recorded during monitoring system malfunctions, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions, or required monitoring system quality assurance or control activities may not be used in calculations used to report emissions or operating levels. All the data collected during all other required data collection periods must be used in assessing the operation of the control device and associated control system.
- (6) Except for periods of monitoring system malfunctions, repairs associated with monitoring system malfunctions, and required quality monitoring system quality assurance or quality control activities (including, as applicable, system accuracy audits and required zero and span adjustments), failure to collect required data is a deviation of the monitoring requirements.
- (f) Not applicable
- (g) Not applicable
- (h) Compliance demonstration for combustion control devices—manufacturers' performance test. This paragraph applies to the demonstration of compliance for a combustion control device tested under the provisions in paragraph (g) of this section. Owners or operators shall demonstrate that a control device achieves the performance requirements of § 63.1281(d)(1), (e)(3)(ii) or (f)(1), by installing a device tested under paragraph (g) of this section and complying with the following criteria:
- (1) The inlet gas flowrate shall meet the range specified by the manufacturer. Flowrate shall be calculated as specified in § 63.1283(d)(3)(i)(H)(1).
- (2) A pilot flame shall be present at all times of operation. The pilot flame shall be monitored in accordance with § 63.1283(d)(3)(i)(H)(2).
- (3) Devices shall be operated with no visible emissions, except for periods not to exceed a total of 2 minutes during any hour. A visible emissions test using Method 22, 40 CFR part 60, Appendix A, shall be performed each calendar quarter. The observation period shall be 1 hour and shall be conducted according to EPA Method 22, 40 CFR part 60, Appendix A.
  - (4) Compliance with the operating parameter limit is achieved when the following criteria are met:
- (i) The inlet gas flowrate monitored under paragraph (h)(1) of this section is equal to or below the maximum established by the manufacturer; and
  - (ii) The pilot flame is present at all times; and
- (iii) During the visible emissions test performed under paragraph (h)(3) of this section the duration of visible emissions does not exceed a total of 2 minutes during the observation period. Devices failing the visible emissions test shall follow manufacturers repair instructions, if available, or best combustion engineering practice as outlined in the unit inspection and maintenance plan, to return the unit to compliant operation. All repairs and maintenance activities for each unit shall be recorded in a maintenance and repair log and shall be available on site for inspection.
- (iv) Following return to operation from maintenance or repair activity, each device must pass a Method 22 visual observation as described in paragraph (h)(3) of this section.

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

## # 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) Enclosed Flares and Other Enclosed Combustion Control Devices.
- (i) The owner or operator of an enclosed flare or other enclosed combustion control device shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.5412(d)(1) and § 60.5415(e) or 40 CFR §60.5412a(d)(1) and § 60.5415a(e) as applicable. The Department may allow open flares at remote locations and for infrequent operations, provided the flare is installed and operated consistent with 40 CFR § 60.18.







- (ii) The owner or operator must conduct a performance test in accordance with Condition 4 within 180 days of initial startup of the affected facility unless:
- (A) The combustion control device is a manufacturer-tested model tested in accordance with 40 CFR § 60.5413(d) or § 60.6413a(d); or
- (B) A performance test conducted on a device of the same make and model in similar service at another facility within the Commonwealth approved by the Department may be used to satisfy this requirement.
- (iii) The owner or operator must conduct performance tests in accordance with Condition 4 within 180 days of each reauthorization unless:
- (A) The combustion control device is a manufacturer-tested model tested in accordance with 40 CFR § 60.5413(d) or § 60.5413a(d);
- (B) A performance test conducted on a device of the same make and model in similar service at another facility within the Commonwealth approved by the Department may be used to satisfy this requirement;
  - (C) The Department uses EPA's National Stack Testing Guidance for stack test waivers. or
- (D) The combustion control device established a correlation between the outlet TOC performance level and the firebox or combustion chamber temperature during the initial performance test.
- (iv) The owner or operator of any combustion control device that is a manufacturer tested model shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.5413(e) or § 60.5413a(e) as applicable. [25 Pa Code §127.12b]

## # 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

## Operating permit terms and conditions.

When conducting a performance test, the owner or operator must submit the test protocol described in Section A. Condition 14 (f) for review and approval. The owner or operator should conduct the following test procedures:

- (a) Conduct three test runs of at least one-hour duration while operating the control device within 5% of the required operating temperature.
- (b) Select the sampling port location and the number and location of traverse points at the exhaust using 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A-1, Method 1 or 1A depending on stack diameter.
- (i) If demonstrating compliance with a percent reduction requirement, sampling sites must be located at the inlet of the first control device and the outlet of the final control device; or
- (ii) If demonstrating compliance with an outlet concentration requirement, the sampling site must be located at the outlet of the control device.
  - (c) Determine the effluent characteristics including:
- (i) The flow velocity, stack temperature, static pressure, and barometric pressure using 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A-1, Method 2 or 2C depending on stack diameter;
  - (ii) The gas density using 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A-2, Method 3A; and
  - (iii) The moisture content using 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A-3, Method 4.
- (d) To demonstrate compliance with (b)(i), use 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A-7, Method 25A to determine the Total Organic Compounds (TOC) and then convert to dry basis using the moisture content from (c)(iii) above and calculate the inlet and outlet mass rates as propane and the percent reduction.
- (e) To demonstrate compliance with (b)(ii), use 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A-7, Method 25A to determine the TOC and 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A-6, Method 18 to determine the methane and ethane concentration, and then correct the TOC concentration, minus methane and ethane, for percent oxygen from (c)(ii) above.

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

## # 007 [25 Pa. Code §123.43]

## Measuring techniques

Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

- (a) A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements.
- (b) Observers trained and qualified to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of devices approved by the Department.

## # 008 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1283]

Subpart HHH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities

Inspection and monitoring requirements.





- (a) This condition applies to an owner or operator using air emission controls in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR§ 63.1275.
- (b) The owner or operator of a control device whose model was tested under 40 CFR §63.1282(g) shall develop an inspection and maintenance plan for each control device. At a minimum, the plan shall contain the control device manufacturer's recommendations for ensuring proper operation of the device. Semi-annual inspections shall be conducted for each control device with maintenance and replacement of control device components made in accordance with the plan.
- (c) Closed-vent system inspection and monitoring requirements.
  - (1)-(7) Not applicable
- (d) Control device monitoring requirements.
- (1) For each control device except as provided for in paragraph (d)(2) of this section, the owner or operator shall install and operate a continuous parameter monitoring system in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs (d)(3) through (7) of this section. Owners or operators that install and operate a flare in accordance with § 63.1281(d)(1)(iii) or (f)(1)(iii) are exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (d)(4) and (5) of this section. The continuous monitoring system shall be designed and operated so that a determination can be made on whether the control device is achieving the applicable performance requirements of § 63.1281(d), (e)(3), or (f)(1). Each continuous parameter monitoring system shall meet the following specifications and requirements:
  - (i) Each continuous parameter monitoring system shall measure data values at least once every hour and record either:
    - (A) Each measured data value; or
- (B) Each block average value for each 1-hour period or shorter periods calculated from all measured data values during each period. If values are measured more frequently than once per minute, a single value for each minute may be used to calculate the hourly (or shorter period) block average instead of all measured values.
- (ii) A site-specific monitoring plan must be prepared that addresses the monitoring system design, data collection, and the quality assurance and quality control elements outlined in paragraph (d) of this section and in § 63.8(d). Each CPMS must be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained in accordance with the procedures in your approved site-specific monitoring plan. Using the process described in § 63.8(f)(4), you may request approval of monitoring system quality assurance and quality control procedures alternative to those specified in paragraphs (d)(1)(ii)(A) through (E) of this section in your site-specific monitoring plan.
- (A) The performance criteria and design specifications for the monitoring system equipment, including the sample interface, detector signal analyzer, and data acquisition and calculations;
- (B) Sampling interface (e.g., thermocouple) location such that the monitoring system will provide representative measurements:
  - (C) Equipment performance checks, system accuracy audits, or other audit procedures;
  - (D) Ongoing operation and maintenance procedures in accordance with provisions in § 63.8(c)(1) and (c)(3); and
  - (E) Ongoing reporting and recordkeeping procedures in accordance with provisions in § 63.10(c), (e)(1), and (e)(2)(i).
- (iii) The owner or operator must conduct the CPMS equipment performance checks, system accuracy audits, or other audit procedures specified in the site-specific monitoring plan at least once every 12 months.
- (iv) The owner or operator must conduct a performance evaluation of each CPMS in accordance with the site-specific monitoring plan.
- (2) An owner or operator is exempted from the monitoring requirements specified in paragraphs (d)(3) through (7) of this section for the following types of control devices:
- (i) Except for control devices for small glycol dehydration units, a boiler or process heater in which all vent streams are introduced with the primary fuel or are used as the primary fuel;
- (ii) Except for control devices for small glycol dehydration units, a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity equal to or greater than 44 megawatts.
- (3) The owner or operator shall install, calibrate, operate, and maintain a device equipped with a continuous recorder to measure the values of operating parameters appropriate for the control device as specified in either paragraph (d)(3)(i), (d)(3)(ii), or (d)(3)(iii) of this section.
  - (i) A continuous monitoring system that measures the following operating parameters as applicable:
    - (A)-(B) Not applicable
- (C) For a flare, a heat sensing monitoring device equipped with a continuous recorder that indicates the continuous ignition of the pilot flame.
  - (D)-(H) Not applicable
  - (ii) A continuous monitoring system that measures the concentration level of organic compounds in the exhaust vent

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stream from the control device using an organic monitoring device equipped with a continuous recorder. The monitor must meet the requirements of Performance Specification 8 or 9 of appendix B of 40 CFR part 60 and must be installed, calibrated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's specifications.

- (iii) A continuous monitoring system that measures alternative operating parameters other than those specified in paragraph (d)(3)(i) or (d)(3)(ii) of this section upon approval of the Administrator as specified in § 63.8(f)(1) through (5).
- (4) Using the data recorded by the monitoring system, except for inlet gas flowrate, the owner or operator must calculate the daily average value for each monitored operating parameter for each operating day. If the emissions unit operation is continuous, the operating day is a 24-hour period. If the emissions unit operation is not continuous, the operating day is the total number of hours of control device operation per 24-hour period. Valid data points must be available for 75 percent of the operating hours in an operating day to compute the daily average.
- (5) For each operating parameter monitored in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (d)(3) of this section, the owner or operator shall comply with paragraph (d)(5)(i) of this section for all control devices, and when condensers are installed, the owner or operator shall also comply with paragraph (d)(5)(ii) of this section for condensers.
- (i) The owner or operator shall establish a minimum operating parameter value or a maximum operating parameter value, as appropriate for the control device, to define the conditions at which the control device must be operated to continuously achieve the applicable performance requirements of § 63.1281(d)(1), (e)(3)(ii), or (f)(1). Each minimum or maximum operating parameter value shall be established as follows:
- (A) If the owner or operator conducts performance tests in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1282(d)(3) to demonstrate that the control device achieves the applicable performance requirements specified in § 63.1281(d)(1), (e)(3)(ii), or (f)(1), then the minimum operating parameter value or the maximum operating parameter value shall be established based on values measured during the performance test and supplemented, as necessary, by a condenser design analysis or control device manufacturer's recommendations or a combination of both.
- (B) If the owner or operator uses a condenser design analysis in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1282(d)(4) to demonstrate that the control device achieves the applicable performance requirements specified in § 63.1281(d)(1), (e)(3)(ii), or (f)(1), then the minimum operating parameter value or the maximum operating parameter value shall be established based on the condenser design analysis and may be supplemented by the condenser manufacturer's recommendations.
- (C) If the owner or operator operates a control device where the performance test requirement was met under § 63.1282(g) to demonstrate that the control device achieves the applicable performance requirements specified in § 63.1281(d)(1), (e)(3)(ii) or (f)(1), then the maximum inlet gas flowrate shall be established based on the performance test and supplemented, as necessary, by the manufacturer recommendations.
- (ii) The owner or operator shall establish a condenser performance curve showing the relationship between condenser outlet temperature and condenser control efficiency. The curve shall be established as follows:
- (A) If the owner or operator conducts a performance test in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1282(d)(3) to demonstrate that the condenser achieves the applicable performance requirements in § 63.1281(d)(1), (e)(3)(ii), or (f)(1), then the condenser performance curve shall be based on values measured during the performance test and supplemented as necessary by control device design analysis, or control device manufacturer's recommendations, or a combination or both.
- (B) If the owner or operator uses a control device design analysis in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1282(d)(4)(i) to demonstrate that the condenser achieves the applicable performance requirements specified in § 63.1281(d)(1), (e)(3)(ii), or (f)(1), then the condenser performance curve shall be based on the condenser design analysis and may be supplemented by the control device manufacturer's recommendations.
- (C) As an alternative to paragraph (d)(5)(ii)(B) of this section, the owner or operator may elect to use the procedures documented in the GRI report entitled, "Atmospheric Rich/Lean Method for Determining Glycol Dehydrator Emissions" (GRI-95/0368.1) as inputs for the model GRI-GLYCalcTM, Version 3.0 or higher, to generate a condenser performance curve.
- (6) An excursion for a given control device is determined to have occurred when the monitoring data or lack of monitoring data result in any one of the criteria specified in paragraphs (d)(6)(i) through (d)(6)(v) of this section being met. When multiple operating parameters are monitored for the same control device and during the same operating day, and more than one of these operating parameters meets an excursion criterion specified in paragraphs (d)(6)(i) through (d)(6)(v) of this section, then a single excursion is determined to have occurred for the control device for that operating day.
- (i) An excursion occurs when the daily average value of a monitored operating parameter is less than the minimum operating parameter limit (or, if applicable, greater than the maximum operating parameter limit) established for the operating parameter in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (d)(5)(i) of this section.
- (ii) For sources meeting § 63.1281(d)(1)(ii), an excursion occurs when average condenser efficiency calculated according to the requirements specified in § 63.1282(f)(2)(iii) is less than 95.0 percent, as specified in § 63.1282(f)(3). For sources meeting § 63.1281(f)(1), an excursion occurs when the 30-day average condenser efficiency calculated according







to the requirements of § 63.1282(f)(2)(iii) is less than the identified 30-day required percent reduction.

- (iii) An excursion occurs when the monitoring data are not available for at least 75 percent of the operating hours in a day.
- (iv) If the closed-vent system contains one or more bypass devices that could be used to divert all or a portion of the gases, vapors, or fumes from entering the control device, an excursion occurs when:
- (A) For each bypass line subject to § 63.1281(c)(3)(i)(A) the flow indicator indicates that flow has been detected and that the stream has been diverted away from the control device to the atmosphere.
- (B) For each bypass line subject to § 63.1281(c)(3)(i)(B), if the seal or closure mechanism has been broken, the bypass line valve position has changed, the key for the lock-and-key type lock has been checked out, or the car-seal has broken.
  - (v) For control device whose model is tested under § 63.1282(g) an excursion occurs when:
  - (A) The inlet gas flowrate exceeds the maximum established during the test conducted under § 63.1282(g).
  - (B) Failure of the quarterly visible emissions test conducted under § 63.1282(h)(3) occurs.
- (7) For each excursion, the owner or operator shall be deemed to have failed to have applied control in a manner that achieves the required operating parameter limits. Failure to achieve the required operating parameter limits is a violation of this standard.
  - (8) [Reserved]
- (9) Nothing in paragraphs (d)(1) through (d)(8) of this section shall be construed to allow or excuse a monitoring parameter excursion caused by any activity that violates other applicable provisions of this subpart.

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

## # 009 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

For each glycol dehydration unit, the owner or operator shall maintain the following records, including information on

- (a) The location of the glycol dehydration unit
- (b) The glycol circulation rate at a minimum of once per day
- (c) The determination of the actual average benzene or BTEX emissions in accordance with 40 CFR §63.774(d)(1)
- (d) The emissions calculations for each glycol dehydrator in accordance with 25 Pa Code §135.5
- (e) Record of deviations and malfunctions in accordance with 40 CFR §63.774(g)
- (f) All written notifications required by permit conditions

## # 010 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

## Operating permit terms and conditions.

For each control device, the owner or operator shall maintain the following records, including:

- (a) Enclosed Flares and Other Enclosed Combustion Control Devices.
- (i) For non-manufacturer-tested models, the owner or operator must maintain records in accordance with 40 CFR § 60.5420(c)(13) and (14) or § 60.5420a(c)(13) and (14) as applicable.
- (ii) For manufacturer-tested models, the owner or operator must maintain records in accordance with 40 CFR § 60.5413(d)(12) and (e) or § 60.5413a(d)(12) and (e) as applicable.
- (iii) The summary for each complete test report conducted, if applicable.

## # 011 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1284]

Subpart HHH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities

## Recordkeeping requirements.

- (a) The recordkeeping provisions of 40 CFR 63, Subpart A, that apply and those that do not apply to owners and operators of facilities subject to this subpart are listed in Table 2 of this subpart.
- (b) Except as specified in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, each owner or operator of a facility subject to this subpart shall maintain the records specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(10) of this section:
- (1) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to the provisions of this subpart shall maintain files of all information (including all reports and notifications) required by this subpart. The files shall be retained for at least 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report or period.
  - (i) All applicable records shall be maintained in such a manner that they can be readily accessed.



- (ii) The most recent 12 months of records shall be retained on site or shall be accessible from a central location by computer or other means that provides access within 2 hours after a request.
  - (iii) The remaining 4 years of records may be retained offsite.
- (iv) Records may be maintained in hard copy or computer-readable form including, but not limited to, on paper, microfilm, computer, floppy disk, magnetic tape, or microfiche.
  - (2) Records specified in § 63.10(b)(2);
- (3) Records specified in § 63.10(c) for each monitoring system operated by the owner or operator in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1283(d). Notwithstanding the previous sentence, monitoring data recorded during periods identified in paragraphs (b)(3)(i) through (iv) of this section shall not be included in any average or percent leak rate computed under this subpart. Records shall be kept of the times and durations of all such periods and any other periods during process or control device operation when monitors are not operating or failed to collect required data.
  - (i) Monitoring system breakdowns, repairs, calibration checks, and zero (low-level) and high-level adjustments;
  - (ii) [Reserved]
  - (iii) Periods of non-operation resulting in cessation of the emissions to which the monitoring applies; and
  - (iv) Excursions due to invalid data as defined in § 63.1283(d)(6)(iii).
- (4) Each owner or operator using a control device to comply with § 63.1274 shall keep the following records up-to-date and readily accessible:
- (i) Continuous records of the equipment operating parameters specified to be monitored under § 63.1283(d) or specified by the Administrator in accordance with § 63.1283(d)(3)(iii). For flares, the hourly records and records of pilot flame outages specified in paragraph (e) of this section shall be maintained in place of continuous records.
- (ii) Records of the daily average value of each continuously monitored parameter for each operating day determined according to the procedures specified in § 63.1283(d)(4) of this subpart, except as specified in paragraphs (b)(4)(ii)(A) through (C) of this section.
  - (A) For flares, the records required in paragraph (e) of this section.
  - (B)-(C) Not applicable
- (iii) Hourly records of the times and durations of all periods when the vent stream is diverted from the control device or the device is not operating.
- (iv) Where a seal or closure mechanism is used to comply with § 63.1281(c)(3)(i)(B), hourly records of flow are not required. In such cases, the owner or operator shall record that the monthly visual inspection of the seals or closure mechanism has been done, and shall record the duration of all periods when the seal mechanism is broken, the bypass line valve position has changed, or the key for a lock-and-key type lock has been checked out, and records of any car-seal that has broken.
- (5) Records identifying all parts of the closed-vent system that are designated as unsafe to inspect in accordance with § 63.1283(c)(5), an explanation of why the equipment is unsafe to inspect, and the plan for inspecting the equipment.
- (6) Records identifying all parts of the closed-vent system that are designated as difficult to inspect in accordance with § 63.1283(c)(6), an explanation of why the equipment is difficult to inspect, and the plan for inspecting the equipment.
- (7) For each inspection conducted in accordance with § 63.1283(c), during which a leak or defect is detected, a record of the information specified in paragraphs (b)(7)(i) through (b)(7)(viii) of this section.
  - (i) The instrument identification numbers, operator name or initials, and identification of the equipment.
  - (ii) The date the leak or defect was detected and the date of the first attempt to repair the leak or defect.
- (iii) Maximum instrument reading measured by the method specified in § 63.1282(b) after the leak or defect is successfully repaired or determined to be nonrepairable.
- (iv) "Repair delayed" and the reason for the delay if a leak or defect is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak or defect.
- (v) The name, initials, or other form of identification of the owner or operator (or designee) whose decision it was that repair could not be effected without a shutdown.
  - (vi) The expected date of successful repair of the leak or defect if a leak or defect is not repaired within 15 calendar days.
  - (vii) Dates of shutdowns that occur while the equipment is unrepaired.
  - (viii) The date of successful repair of the leak or defect.
- (ix) Records identifying the carbon replacement schedule under § 63.1281(d)(5) and records of each carbon replacement.
- (8) For each inspection conducted in accordance with § 63.1283(c) during which no leaks or defects are detected, a record that the inspection was performed, the date of the inspection, and a statement that no leaks or defects were detected.
- (9) Records of glycol dehydration unit baseline operations calculated as required under § 63.1281(e)(1).
- (10) Records required in § 63.1281(e)(3)(i) documenting that the facility continues to operate under the conditions specified in § 63.1281(e)(2).



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## **SECTION D.** Source Level Requirements

- (c) An owner or operator that elects to comply with the benzene emission limit specified in § 63.1275(b)(1)(ii) shall document, to the Administrator's satisfaction, the following items:
  - (1) The method used for achieving compliance and the basis for using this compliance method; and
- (2) The method used for demonstrating compliance with 0.90 megagrams per year of benzene.
- (3) Any information necessary to demonstrate compliance as required in the methods specified in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section.
- (d) An owner or operator that is exempt from control requirements under § 63.1274(d) shall maintain the records specified in paragraph (d)(1) or (d)(2) of this section, as appropriate, for each glycol dehydration unit that is not controlled according to the requirements of § 63.1274(c).
- (1) The actual annual average natural gas throughput (in terms of natural gas flowrate to the glycol dehydration unit per day), as determined in accordance with § 63.1282(a)(1); or
- (2) The actual average benzene emissions (in terms of benzene emissions per year), as determined in accordance with § 63.1282(a)(2).
- (e) Record the following when using a flare to comply with § 63.1281(d):
  - (1) Flare design (i.e., steam-assisted, air-assisted, or non-assisted);
- (2) All visible emission readings, heat content determinations, flowrate measurements, and exit velocity determinations made during the compliance determination required by § 63.1282(d)(2); and
- (3) All hourly records and other recorded periods when the pilot flame is absent.
- (f) The owner or operator of an affected source subject to this subpart shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of operation (i.e., process equipment) or the air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment. The owner or operator shall maintain records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions in accordance with § 63.1274(h), including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process and air pollution control and monitoring equipment to its normal or usual manner of operation.
- (g) Record the following when using a control device whose model is tested under § 63.1282(g) to comply with § 63.1281(d), (e)(3)(ii) and (f)(1):
- (1) All visible emission readings and flowrate calculations made during the compliance determination required by § 63.1282(h); and
- (2) All hourly records and other recorded periods when the pilot flame is absent.
- (h) The date the semi-annual maintenance inspection required under § 63.1283(b) is performed. Include a list of any modifications or repairs made to the control device during the inspection and other maintenance performed such as cleaning of the fuel nozzles.

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

## # 012 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

## Operating permit terms and conditions.

The emissions from each glycol dehydration unit operated during each reporting period must be included in the annual emissions inventory report.

## # 013 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

## Operating permit terms and conditions.

In the required annual report, the information about each glycol dehydration unit operated during the reporting period shall include the records of any deviations and malfunctions in accordance with 40 CFR §63.775(c)(7).

## # 014 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

## Operating permit terms and conditions.

In the required annual report, the information about each control device in operation during the reporting period shall be done in accordance with 40 CFR § 60.5420(b) or § 60.5420a(b) as applicable.

#### # 015 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1285]

Subpart HHH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities





## Reporting requirements.

- (a) The reporting provisions of 40 CFR 63, Subpart A, that apply and those that do not apply to owners and operators of facilities subject to this subpart are listed in Table 2 of this subpart.
- (b) Each owner or operator of a facility subject to this subpart shall submit the information listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(6) of this section, except as provided in paragraph (b)(7) of this section.
- (1) The initial notifications required for existing affected sources under § 63.9(b)(2) shall be submitted as provided in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section.
- (i) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b)(1)(ii) of this section, the initial notification shall be submitted by 1 year after an affected source becomes subject to the provisions of this subpart or by June 17, 2000, whichever is later. Affected sources that are major sources on or before June 17, 2000 and plan to be area sources by June 17, 2002 shall include in this notification a brief, nonbinding description of a schedule for the action(s) that are planned to achieve area source status.
- (ii) An affected source identified under § 63.1270(d)(3) shall submit an initial notification required for existing affected sources under § 63.9(b)(2) within 1 year after the affected source becomes subject to the provisions of this subpart or by October 15, 2013, whichever is later. An affected source identified under § 63.1270(d)(3) that plans to be an area source by October 15, 2015, shall include in this notification a brief, nonbinding description of a schedule for the action(s) that are planned to achieve area source status.
- (2) The date of the performance evaluation as specified in § 63.8(e)(2), required only if the owner or operator is requested by the Administrator to conduct a performance evaluation for a continuous monitoring system. A separate notification of the performance evaluation is not required if it is included in the initial notification submitted in accordance with paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (3) The planned date of a performance test at least 60 days before the test in accordance with § 63.7(b). Unless requested by the Administrator, a site-specific test plan is not required by this subpart. If requested by the Administrator, the owner or operator must also submit the site-specific test plan required by § 63.7(c) with the notification of the performance test. A separate notification of the performance test is not required if it is included in the initial notification submitted in accordance with paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
  - (4) A Notification of Compliance Status Report as described in paragraph (d) of this section;
  - (5) Periodic Reports as described in paragraph (e) of this section; and
- (6) If there was a malfunction during the reporting period, the Periodic Report specified in paragraph (e) of this section shall include the number, duration, and a brief description for each type of malfunction which occurred during the reporting period and which caused or may have caused any applicable emission limitation to be exceeded. The report must also include a description of actions taken by an owner or operator during a malfunction of an affected source to minimize emissions in accordance with § 63.1274(h), including actions taken to correct a malfunction.
  - (7) [Reserved]

#### (c) [Reserved]

- (d) Each owner or operator of a source subject to this subpart shall submit a Notification of Compliance Status Report as required under § 63.9(h) within 180 days after the compliance date specified in § 63.1270(d). In addition to the information required under § 63.9(h), the Notification of Compliance Status Report shall include the information specified in paragraphs (d)(1) through (12) of this section. This information may be submitted in an operating permit application, in an amendment to an operating permit application, in a separate submittal, or in any combination of the three. If all of the information required under this paragraph have been submitted at any time prior to 180 days after the applicable compliance dates specified in § 63.1270(d), a separate Notification of Compliance Status Report is not required. If an owner or operator submits the information specified in paragraphs (d)(1) through (12) of this section at different times, and/or different submittals, subsequent submittals may refer to previous submittals instead of duplicating and resubmitting the previously submitted information.
- (1) If a closed-vent system and a control device other than a flare are used to comply with § 63.1274, the owner or operator shall submit the information in paragraph (d)(1)(iii) of this section and the information in either paragraph (d)(1)(i) or (ii) of this section.
- (i) The condenser design analysis documentation specified in § 63.1282(d)(4) of this subpart if the owner or operator elects to prepare a design analysis; or
- (ii) If the owner or operator is required to conduct a performance test, the performance test results including the information specified in paragraphs (d)(1)(ii)(A) and (B) of this section. Results of a performance test conducted prior to the compliance date of this subpart can be used provided that the test was conducted using the methods specified in §





63.1282(d)(3), and that the test conditions are representative of current operating conditions. If the owner or operator operates a combustion control device model tested under § 63.1282(g), an electronic copy of the performance test results shall be submitted via email to Oil\_and\_Gas\_PT@EPA.GOV unless the test results for that model of combustion control device are posted at the following Web site: epa.gov/airquality/oilandgas/.

- (A) The percent reduction of HAP or TOC, or the outlet concentration of HAP or TOC (parts per million by volume on a dry basis), determined as specified in § 63.1282(d)(3) of this subpart; and
- (B) The value of the monitored parameters specified in § 63.1283(d) of this subpart, or a site-specific parameter approved by the permitting agency, averaged over the full period of the performance test.
- (iii) The results of the closed-vent system initial inspections performed according to the requirements in § 63.1283(c)(2)(i) and (ii).
- (2) If a closed-vent system and a flare are used to comply with § 63.1274, the owner or operator shall submit performance test results including the information in paragraphs (d)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section. The owner or operator shall also submit the information in paragraph (d)(2)(iii) of this section.
- (i) All visible emission readings, heat content determinations, flowrate measurements, and exit velocity determinations made during the compliance determination required by § 63.1282(d)(2) of this subpart, and
  - (ii) A statement of whether a flame was present at the pilot light over the full period of the compliance determination.
- (iii) The results of the closed-vent system initial inspections performed according to the requirements in § 63.1283(c)(2)(i) and (ii).
- (3) The owner or operator shall submit one complete test report for each test method used for a particular source.
- (i) For additional tests performed using the same test method, the results specified in paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this section shall be submitted, but a complete test report is not required.
- (ii) A complete test report shall include a sampling site description, description of sampling and analysis procedures and any modifications to standard procedures, quality assurance procedures, record of operating conditions during the test, record of preparation of standards, record of calibrations, raw data sheets for field sampling, raw data sheets for field and laboratory analyses, documentation of calculations, and any other information required by the test method.
- (4) For each control device other than a flare used to meet the requirements of § 63.1274, the owner or operator shall submit the information specified in paragraphs (d)(4)(i) through (iv) of this section for each operating parameter required to be monitored in accordance with the requirements of § 63.1283(d).
- (i) The minimum operating parameter value or maximum operating parameter value, as appropriate for the control device, established by the owner or operator to define the conditions at which the control device must be operated to continuously achieve the applicable performance requirements of § 63.1281(d)(1) or (e)(3)(ii).
- (ii) An explanation of the rationale for why the owner or operator selected each of the operating parameter values established in § 63.1283(d)(5) of this subpart. This explanation shall include any data and calculations used to develop the value, and a description of why the chosen value indicates that the control device is operating in accordance with the applicable requirements of § 63.1281(d)(1), (e)(3)(ii), or (f)(1).
- (iii) A definition of the source's operating day for purposes of determining daily average values of monitored parameters. The definition shall specify the times at which an operating day begins and ends.
  - (iv) For each carbon adsorber, the predetermined carbon replacement schedule as required in § 63.1281(d)(5)(i).
- (5) Results of any continuous monitoring system performance evaluations shall be included in the Notification of Compliance Status Report.
- (6) After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, the owner or operator of such source shall comply with all requirements for compliance status reports contained in the source's title V permit, including reports required under this subpart. After a title V permit has been issued to the owner or operator of an affected source, and each time a notification of compliance status is required under this subpart, the owner or operator of such source shall submit the notification of compliance status to the appropriate permitting authority following completion of the relevant compliance demonstration activity specified in this subpart.
- (7) The owner or operator that elects to comply with the requirements of § 63.1275(b)(1)(ii) shall submit the records required under § 63.1284(c).
- (8) The owner or operator shall submit an analysis demonstrating whether an affected source is a major source using the maximum throughput calculated according to § 63.1270(a).
- (9) The owner or operator shall submit a statement as to whether the source has complied with the requirements of this subpart.
- (10) The owner or operator shall submit the analysis prepared under § 63.1281(e)(2) to demonstrate that the conditions by which the facility will be operated to achieve the HAP emission reduction of 95.0 percent, or the BTEX limit in § 63.1275(b)(1)(iii) through process modifications or a combination of process modifications and one or more control devices.



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- (11) If the owner or operator installs a combustion control device model tested under the procedures in § 63.1282(g), the data listed under § 63.1282(g)(8).
- (12) For each combustion control device model tested under § 63.1282(g), the information listed in paragraphs (d)(12)(i) through (vi) of this section.
  - (i) Name, address and telephone number of the control device manufacturer.
  - (ii) Control device model number.
  - (iii) Control device serial number.
  - (iv) Date the model of control device was tested by the manufacturer.
  - (v) Manufacturer's HAP destruction efficiency rating.
  - (vi) Control device operating parameters, maximum allowable inlet gas flowrate.
- (e) Periodic Reports. An owner or operator shall prepare Periodic Reports in accordance with paragraphs (e)(1) and (2) of this section and submit them to the Administrator.
- (1) An owner or operator shall submit Periodic Reports semiannually beginning 60 calendar days after the end of the applicable reporting period. The first report shall be submitted no later than 240 days after the date the Notification of Compliance Status Report is due and shall cover the 6-month period beginning on the date the Notification of Compliance Status Report is due.
- (2) The owner or operator shall include the information specified in paragraphs (e)(2)(i) through (xiii) of this section, as applicable.
- (i) The information required under § 63.10(e)(3). For the purposes of this subpart and the information required under § 63.10(e)(3), excursions (as defined in § 63.1283(d)(6)) shall be considered excess emissions.
- (ii) A description of all excursions as defined in § 63.1283(d)(6) of this subpart that have occurred during the 6-month reporting period.
- (A) For each excursion caused when the daily average value of a monitored operating parameter is less than the minimum operating parameter limit (or, if applicable, greater than the maximum operating parameter limit), as specified in § 63.1283(d)(6)(i), the report must include the daily average values of the monitored parameter, the applicable operating parameter limit, and the date and duration of the period that the excursion occurred.
- (B) For each excursion caused when the 30-day average condenser control efficiency is less than the value, as specified in § 63.1283(d)(6)(ii), the report must include the 30-day average values of the condenser control efficiency, and the date and duration of the period that the excursion occurred.
- (C) For each excursion caused by lack of monitoring data, as specified in § 63.1283(d)(6)(iii), the report must include the date and duration of period when the monitoring data were not collected and the reason why the data were not collected.
- (D) For each excursion caused when the maximum inlet gas flowrate identified under § 63.1282(g) is exceeded, the report must include the values of the inlet gas identified and the date and duration of the period that the excursion occurred.
- (E) For each excursion caused when visible emissions determined under § 63.1282(h) exceed the maximum allowable duration, the report must include the date and duration of the period that the excursion occurred, repairs affected to the unit, and date the unit was returned to service.
- (iii) For each inspection conducted in accordance with § 63.1283(c) during which a leak or defect is detected, the records specified in § 63.1284(b)(7) must be included in the next Periodic Report.
- (iv) For each closed-vent system with a bypass line subject to § 63.1281(c)(3)(i)(A), records required under § 63.1284(b)(4)(iii) of all periods when the vent stream is diverted from the control device through a bypass line. For each closed-vent system with a bypass line subject to § 63.1281(c)(3)(i)(B), records required under § 63.1284(b)(4)(iv) of all periods in which the seal or closure mechanism is broken, the bypass valve position has changed, or the key to unlock the bypass line valve was checked out.
  - (v) If an owner or operator elects to comply with  $\S$  63.1275(b)(1)(ii), the records required under  $\S$  63.1284(c)(3).
- (vi) The information in paragraphs (e)(2)(vi)(A) and (B) of this section shall be stated in the Periodic Report, when applicable.
  - (A) No excursions.
  - (B) No continuous monitoring system has been inoperative, out of control, repaired, or adjusted.
  - (vii) Any change in compliance methods as specified in § 63.1282(e).
  - (viii) If the owner or operator elects to comply with § 63.1275(c)(2), the records required under § 63.1284(b)(10).
  - (ix) For flares, the records specified in § 63.1284(e).
  - (x) The results of any periodic test as required in § 63.1282(d)(3) conducted during the reporting period.
- (xi) For each carbon adsorber used to meet the control device requirements of § 63.1281(d)(1), records of each carbon replacement that occurred during the reporting period.
  - (xii) For combustion control device inspections conducted in accordance with § 63.1283(b) the records specified in §







63.1284(h).

(xiii) Certification by a responsible official of truth, accuracy, and completeness. This certification shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

- (f) Notification of process change. Whenever a process change is made, or a change in any of the information submitted in the Notification of Compliance Status Report, the owner or operator shall submit a report within 180 days after the process change is made or as a part of the next Periodic Report as required under paragraph (e) of this section, whichever is sooner. The report shall include:
  - (1) A brief description of the process change;
  - (2) A description of any modification to standard procedures or quality assurance procedures;
- (3) Revisions to any of the information reported in the original Notification of Compliance Status Report under paragraph (d) of this section; and
- (4) Information required by the Notification of Compliance Status Report under paragraph (d) of this section for changes involving the addition of processes or equipment.
- (g) Electronic reporting.
- (1) Within 60 days after the date of completing each performance test (defined in § 63.2) as required by this subpart you must submit the results of the performance tests required by this subpart to EPA's WebFIRE database by using the Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI) that is accessed through EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX)(www.epa.gov/cdx). Performance test data must be submitted in the file format generated through use of EPA's Electronic Reporting Tool (ERT) (see http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ert/index.html). Only data collected using test methods on the ERT Web site are subject to this requirement for submitting reports electronically to WebFIRE. Owners or operators who claim that some of the information being submitted for performance tests is confidential business information (CBI) must submit a complete ERT file including information claimed to be CBI on a compact disk or other commonly used electronic storage media (including, but not limited to, flash drives) to EPA. The electronic media must be clearly marked as CBI and mailed to U.S. EPA/OAPQS/CORE CBI Office, Attention: WebFIRE Administrator, MD C404-02, 4930 Old Page Rd., Durham, NC 27703. The same ERT file with the CBI omitted must be submitted to EPA via CDX as described earlier in this paragraph. At the discretion of the delegated authority, you must also submit these reports, including the confidential business information, to the delegated authority in the format specified by the delegated authority.
- (2) All reports required by this subpart not subject to the requirements in paragraph (g)(1) of this section must be sent to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in § 63.13. The Administrator or the delegated authority may request a report in any form suitable for the specific case (e.g., by commonly used electronic media such as Excel spreadsheet, on CD or hard copy). The Administrator retains the right to require submittal of reports subject to paragraph (g)(1) of this section in paper format.

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

#### #016 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The operator shall install, maintain, and operate the air contamination source and air cleaning device in accordance with the manufacturer's specification with good operating practices.

#### # 017 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1270]

Subpart HHH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage

Applicability and designation of affected source.

(d) The owner or operator of each affected source shall achieve compliance with the provisions of this subpart by the following dates:

(1)-(3) Not applicable



(4) Each affected small glycol dehydration unit, as defined in § 63.1271, located at a major source, that commenced construction on or after August 23, 2011, must achieve compliance immediately upon initial startup or October 15, 2012, whichever is later.

## # 018 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.1274]

Subpart HHH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Natural Gas Transmission and Storage Facilities

### General standards.

- (a) Table 2 of this subpart specifies the provisions of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A (General Provisions) that apply and those that do not apply to owners and operators of affected sources subject to this subpart.
- (b) All reports required under this subpart shall be sent to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in § 63.13. Reports may be submitted on electronic media.
- (c) The owner or operator of an affected source (i.e., glycol dehydration unit) located at an existing or new major source of HAP emissions shall comply with the requirements in this subpart as follows:
  - (1) The control requirements for glycol dehydration unit process vents specified in § 63.1275;
- (2) The monitoring requirements specified in § 63.1283, and
- (3) The recordkeeping and reporting requirements specified in §§ 63.1284 and 63.1285.

## (d) [Reserved]

(e) Each owner or operator of a major HAP source subject to this subpart is required to apply for a part 70 or part 71 operating permit from the appropriate permitting authority. If the Administrator has approved a State operating permit program under part 70, the permit shall be obtained from the State authority. If a State operating permit program has not been approved, the owner or operator shall apply to the EPA Regional Office pursuant to part 71.

## (f) [Reserved]

- (g) In all cases where the provisions of this subpart require an owner or operator to repair leaks by a specified time after the leak is detected, it is a violation of this standard to fail to take action to repair the leak(s) within the specified time. If action is taken to repair the leak(s) within the specified time, failure of that action to successfully repair the leak(s) is not a violation of this standard. However, if the repairs are unsuccessful, and a leak is detected, the owner or operator shall take further action as required by the applicable provisions of this subpart.
- (h) At all times the owner or operator must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

## \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*

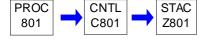






Source ID: 801 Source Name: PIG LAUNCHER

> Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A Natural Gas



#### RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

For each pigging operation, the owner or operator shall maintain the following records, including information on:

- The identification, location, date of construction, and date of startup of each pig launcher or receiver;
- Records of each pigging operation including the identification of the pig chamber used, location of the launcher or receiver, the date and time of the pigging operation, launcher or receiver pressure prior to venting to the atmosphere, the type and volume of liquids cleared, and gas composition data representative of the composition of gas at the facility, updated

at least annually; and

- The emissions calculation for each pig chamber, using the Department's spreadsheet found at http://files.dep.state.pa.us/ or other equivalent method.

## REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS. VI.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

# 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Source 801 consists of one (1) 20" pig launcher connected to Line JP-270.

# 003 [25 Pa. Code §129.112]

Presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule

A natural gas compression and transmission facility fugitive VOC air contamination source located at a major VOC emitting



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#### **SECTION D. Source Level Requirements**

facility that has the potential to emit less than 2.7 TPY of VOC and is subject to 129.111 shall install, maintain, and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specification with good operating practices. [25 Pa. Code §129.112(c)(3)]

\*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*







Source ID: P01 Source Name: FACILITY FUGITIVE EMISSIONS

Source Capacity/Throughput: N/A Natural Gas

N/A



### I. RESTRICTIONS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional monitoring requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

# 001 [25 Pa. Code §129.112]

Presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule

A natural gas compression and transmission facility fugitive VOC air contamination source located at a major VOC emitting facility that has the potential to emit less than 2.7 TPY of VOC and is subject to 129.111 shall install, maintain, and operate the source in accordance with the manufacturer's specification with good operating practices. [25 Pa. Code §129.112(c)(3)]

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## \*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*







## SECTION E. Source Group Restrictions.

Group Name: G01

Group Description: INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES - COMPRESSORS

Sources included in this group

	ID	Name
	101	6350 BHP, COOPER BESSEMER 14W-330 ENG 1 (NG, SI, 2SLB)
Ī	102	6350 BHP, COOPER BESSEMER 14W-330 ENG 2 (NG, SI, 2SLB)

#### I. RESTRICTIONS.

## **Emission Restriction(s).**

## # 001 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The Owner/Operator shall comply with the following presumptive RACT III emission limitations for Cooper Engines 1 and 2:

- a) A lean burn stationary internal combustion engine with a rating equal to or greater than 3,500 bhp shall comply with the presumptive RACT emission limitation of 0.6 grams NOx/bhp-hr when firing natural gas or a noncommercial gaseous fuel.
- b) A lean burn stationary internal combustion engine with a rating equal to or greater than 3,500 bhp shall comply with the presumptive RACT emission limitation of 0.5 grams VOC/bhp-hr when firing natural gas or a noncommercial gaseous fuel, liquid fuel or dual-fuel.

## # 002 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The ammonia emissions from Cooper Engine #1 and #2 (Source ID #101 and #102) shall not exceed 10 ppmvd at 15% oxygen.

## # 003 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

## Operating permit terms and conditions.

Emissions from each of Cooper Engines 1 and 2 (Source IDs 101 and 102) are limited to a maximum of:

36.79 tons of NOx and;

30.66 tons of VOC\*

Over each consecutive 12-month period, updated monthly.

#### II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

#### # 004 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

Testing shall be conducted on the Cooper Engines #1 and #2 (Source ID #101 and #102) as follows:

The Owner/Operator shall perform NOx, CO, VOC, formaldehyde, PM10, PM2.5, and ammonia slip emission testing upon the Cooper Engines #1 and #2 (Source ID #101 and #102) according to the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139. Initial performance testing is required within 180 days of commencement of operation of the selective catalytic reduction system, or at a timeframe extended by the Department in writing. The initial performance test shall be conducted using EPA Method stack testing or alternative methods as approved by the Department in writing.

The Owner/Operator shall conduct subsequent EPA reference method stack testing for NOx, CO, VOC, and formaldehyde from the exhaust stack of the Cooper Engines #1 and #2 (Source ID #101 and #102) no less than every five (5) years after initial testing.

## # 005 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

## Operating permit terms and conditions.

The following testing shall also be conducted on each of Cooper Engines 1 (Source ID 101) and 2 (Source ID 102):







## SECTION E. Source Group Restrictions.

If the engine has operated 750 hours or more per during the previous calendar year, this testing shall be conducted two times in each calendar year period. If the engine has operated less than 750 hours during the previous calendar year, this testing shall be conducted one time in each calendar year period, with the maximum intervals between tests no greater duration than fourteen months:

Emissions from this engine shall be tested through either an EPA Method stack test, or through the use of portable analyzers, in order to verify the rates of NOx, CO and VOC. If testing through an EPA Method stack test, VOC testing by US EPA Methods 18/25A or 320 (or Agency approved equivalent) shall be accepted to determine compliance with the emission limits above. Determination of VOC emissions should be made to be equivalent to those that would be measured by EPA Method 25A corrected for non-VOC organic compounds (such as methane and ethane).

If this testing conforms with the requirements of other testing required in this permit, it may also be used to comply with those requirements.

For testing utilizing portable analyzers, unless previously submitted to the Department, the Owner/Operator shall submit a complete operating procedure including calibration, QA/QC and emissions calculation methods to the Department at least 60 days prior to the actual stack test program.

## III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

## # 006 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

## Operating permit terms and conditions.

The Owner/Operator shall continuously monitor for each SCR control device:

- pressure differential across the catalyst bed
- ammonia injection rate prior to the catalyst
- inlet and outlet temperature to the catalyst bed

#### # 007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The Owner/Operator shall maintain the catalyst in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule

## # 008 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

#### Operating permit terms and conditions.

The Owner/Operator shall continuously record (15-minute intervals with 1-hour averages) for each SCR control device:

- pressure differential across the catalyst bed
- ammonia injection rate prior to the catalyst
- inlet and outlet temperature to the catalyst bed

#### IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional record keeping requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

## V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

No additional work practice requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (Title V General Requirements).

#### VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

# 009 [25 Pa. Code §129.100]

Compliance demonstration and recordkeeping requirements.





## SECTION E. Source Group Restrictions.

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), the owner and operator of an air contamination source subject to a NOx requirement or RACT emission limitation or VOC requirement or RACT emission limitation, or both, listed in § 129.97 (relating to presumptive RACT requirements, RACT emission limitations and petition for alternative compliance schedule) shall demonstrate compliance with the applicable RACT requirement or RACT emission limitation by performing the following monitoring or testing procedures:
- (1) (3) N/A.
- (4) For an air contamination source without a CEMS, monitoring and testing in accordance with a Department-approved emissions source test that meets the requirements of Chapter 139, Subchapter A (relating to sampling and testing methods and procedures). The source test shall be conducted one time in each 5-year calendar period. (With intervals between tests no greater than 62 months)
- (b) (c) N/A
- (d) The owner and operator of an air contamination source subject to this section and § § 129.96 129.99 shall keep records to demonstrate compliance with § § 129.96 129.99 in the following manner:
- (1) The records must include sufficient data and calculations to demonstrate that the requirements of § § 129.96 129.99 are met.
- (2) Data or information required to determine compliance shall be recorded and maintained in a time frame consistent with the averaging period of the requirement.
- (e) Beginning with the compliance date specified in § 129.97(a), the owner or operator of an air contamination source claiming that the air contamination source is exempt from the applicable NOx emission rate threshold specified in § 129.99(b) and the requirements of § 129.97 based on the air contamination source's potential to emit shall maintain records that demonstrate to the Department or appropriate approved local air pollution control agency that the air contamination source is not subject to the specified emission rate threshold.
- (f) Beginning with the compliance date specified in § 129.97(a), the owner or operator of an air contamination source claiming that the air contamination source is exempt from the applicable VOC emission rate threshold specified in § 129.99(c) and the requirements of § 129.97 based on the air contamination source's potential to emit shall maintain records that demonstrate to the Department or appropriate approved local air pollution control agency that the air contamination source is not subject to the specified emission rate threshold.
- (g) (h) N/A.
- (i) The records shall be retained by the owner or operator for 5 years and made available to the Department or appropriate approved local air pollution control agency upon receipt of a written request from the Department or appropriate approved local air pollution control agency.

\*\*\* Permit Shield in Effect. \*\*\*







# **SECTION F.** Alternative Operation Requirements.

No Alternative Operations exist for this Title V facility.







# **SECTION G.** Emission Restriction Summary.

101 6350 BHP, COOPER BESSEMER 14W-330 ENG 1 (NG, SI, 2SLB)

<b>Emission Limit</b>			Pollutant
0.600	gr/HP-Hr	RACTIII	NOX
36.790	Tons/Yr	RACT III	NOX
0.500	gr/HP-Hr	RACTIII	VOC
30.660	Tons/Yr	RACT III	VOC

102 6350 BHP, COOPER BESSEMER 14W-330 ENG 2 (NG, SI, 2SLB)

<b>Emission Limit</b>			Pollutant
0.600	gr/HP-Hr	RACT III	NOX
36.790	Tons/Yr	RACT III	NOX
0.500	gr/HP-Hr	RACT III	VOC
30.660	Tons/Yr	RACT III	VOC

114 1,114 HP CATERPILLAR G3512 EMERGENCY GENERATOR)

<b>Emission Limit</b>			Pollutant	
4.000	gr/HP-Hr		CO	
540.000	PPMV	@ 15% oxygen.	CO	
2.000	gr/HP-Hr		NOX	
160.000	PPMV	@ 15% oxygen.	NOX	
1.000	gr/HP-Hr		VOC	
86.000	PPMV	@ 15% oxygen.	VOC	

## **Site Emission Restriction Summary**

Emission Limit		Pollutant
79.000 Tons/Yr	PA-65-00840	NOX
159.000 Tons/Yr	PA-65-00840	СО
16.000 Tons/Yr	PA-65-00840	PM10
16.000 Tons/Yr	PA-65-00840	PM2.5
0.500 Tons/Yr	PA-65-00840	SOX
66.000 Tons/Yr	PA-65-00840	VOC
22.100 Tons/Yr	PA-65-00840	Formaldehyde
31.500 Tons/Yr	PA-65-00840	Hazardous Air Pollutants







## SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

This amended Title V Operating Permit (TVOP) authorizes EGTS, Inc. to operate a natural gas compressor station at their South Oakford Compressor Station facility, located in Hempfield Township, Westmoreland County.

The following emission sources at this facility are considered sources of minor significance:

B-2 Ethylene Glycol; 10,000 gallons

E-1 Waste Oil; 5,000 gallons

K-1 Wastewater; 8,000 gallons

T-1 Triethylene Glycol; 4,000 gallons

T-3 Triethylene Glycol; 2,000 gallons

A-3 Lube Oil Storage Tank; 697 gallons

A-4 Lube Oil Storage Tank; 1,500 gallons

A-5 Reclaimed Oil Tank; 176 gallons

Natural gas fired furnace (comfort heat)

PA DEP methodology for duration of observation and reduction of visual opacity data observed in accordance with EPA Method 9: The observer shall record observations in accordance with EPA Method 9 for minimum of 60 minutes. The data reduction methodology differs from EPA Method 9 in that it does not require a single continuous time interval and does not average datum of individual observations. Visual observations in accordance with Method 9 take place every 15 seconds and are recorded for this time interval. Since the observations of 20%, or greater, can be during multiple intervals, the number of high opacity observation readings are merely counted. For an emission limitation of opacity of less than 20% and not exceeding a period aggregating more than three minutes in any 1 hour, a total of 13 observations equal to, or greater than, 20% would be an exceedance of this standard.

On September 10, 2025, plan approvals PA-65-00840 and PA-65-00840 were incorporated into the operating permit via an administrative amendment. PA-65-00840 established RACT III requirements for several sources at the South Oakford Compressor Station. PA-65-00840A authorized the construction of Source 401 and Control C401.





\*\*\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*\*\*